MORIN,
Opposite the Bank of
odland,
o do all kinds of
CAS-FITTING,
AND—
ROOFING,
nufacturer of
and Sheet-Iron
ares,
DEALER IN
ES,
zed Pipes of all sizes.
T FOR THE
'Union Range."
ED THE—
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NISHING GOODS,
nds in his line.
IZED IRON
Tanks!
made to Order.
CY FOR
ell Force Pumps.
BORING WELLS
nd at my Store.
M THE COUNTRY
ly attended to.
N MAIN STREET,
Wood's Hardware Store.)
C. D. MORIN.
SMITH,
ers and Dealers in
and BEDDING,
GE BLOCK,
Woodland,
e Craft Hotel.
rtaking
Promptly attended
to, and at satisfac-
tory prices.
Hearse in connec-
the business.
J. K. SMITH.
CE TO BUY!
d Article at a Low Price,
the line of
and Provisions,
—GO TO—
XSIER'S,
e best of everthing
at line, also,
ables, Butter,
Poultry, Etc., Etc.
TREET, NORTH SIDE,
rom Second Street.
Jos. La Buxier.
th, 1876. de7-3m
LIQUOR HOUSE
OODLAND!
RYFUS,
e a full stock of
s, Pure Liquors
RS, ETC.,
dealers and the public at
favorable as can be ob-
n this Coast.
S SUPPLIED
AND—
ED ON SHORT NOTIC
Bank of Woodland.
ja4-3m
W-MAKING,
ACKSMITHING,
AND—
Repair Shop.
have opened a Shop
E TACKNEY HOUSE,
ODLAND,
epared to do all kinds of
Blacksmithing, Horse-
al Repairing of Vehicles,
kinds of Machinery on
ons are respectfully invited
A. WEAVER & CO.
no2-3m
HAMILTON,
in all kinds of
Implements
ACHINERY.
f Plows, Harrows,
w on hand.
DMILLS, HARDWARE,
of All Kinds, Etc.
ND SAN FRANCISCO,
no30
ORADO
STABLES!
N & REDD,
Proprietors of these cele-
and Boarding Stables, and
nish on short notice any
desired—Saddle Horses,
Buggies, Carriages or Ba-
rnish offered if desired.
y the day, week or month.
AN & REDD, Proprietors.
C SALOON!
Proprietor
ines, Liquors and Cigars,
ite all my friends and the
see me,
C SALOON,
Main St., Woodland.
oc20-3m

The Yolo Democrat.

VOL. X. WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: THURSDAY, JAN. 18, 1877. NO. 18.

L. P. Fisher

L. P. FISHER'S ADVERTISING AGENCY Room 21 Merchants' Exchange, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

The Yolo Democrat.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING, BY
WM. SAUNDERS,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office—Freeman's Block, cor. 1st and Main Sts.

TERMS:

One copy, one year.....$4 00
" six months.....2 00
" three months.....1 00

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Carriage & Wagon Making

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—AND—

GENERAL JOBBING!

THE NEW FIRM OF

BEACH & KNOX

F. A. KNOX. C. L. BEACH.

Have leased the well-known

ELLIOTT CARRIAGE AND WAGON SHOP.

And propose to carry on the business in a manner that will be entirely satisfactory to the public. They will manufacture

ALL KINDS OF VEHICLES,

Carriages, Buggies, Sulkies,

WAGONS, Light and Heavy,

FARMING IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

☞ All kinds of Woodwork and Blacksmithing warranted to give satisfaction

BEACH & KNOX, Proprietors.

WOODLAND, November 17th, 1875. no16-3m

FRANK N. FISH,

MARBLE WORKS.

MANUFACTURER OF

MONUMENTS,

TOMB STONES,

MANTLES,

BUREAU TOPS,

PLUMBERS' SLABS,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

252 *K Street, Near Ninth,*

Sacramento.

ja4-3m

GOMMERCIAL HOTEL,

Montgomery Avenue and Kearney Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

A New and Commodious Four Story Hotel, with 175 First-Class Light Rooms, Elegantly Furnished, and a Steam Elevator.

Free Coach and Carriages to the House from all points.

Charges, Two Dollars per Day.

JOHN KELLY, Jr., Manager,

For 26 years Proprietor of the Brooklyn Hotel, San Francisco. no23-3m

CAPITAL HOTEL.

Having purchased, thoroughly renovated and refurnished this old and favorite house throughout, the patronage of the traveling and resident public is respectfully solicited.

Good Boarding and Comfortable Rooms

At reasonable prices by the day or week. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords.

No Chinese Cooks Employed.

Free 'bus to and from all passenger trains.

JOHN TACKNEY, Proprietor.

no23-3m

GOLDEN EAGLE HOTEL!

Cor. K and 7th Sts.,

SACRAMENTO.

This old, well-known and popular house has recently been refitted and

Furnished in the Most Elegant Style.

de14-3m A. SITES, MANAGER.

CRAFT HOTEL,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

JOHN JACOBS, Proprietor.

The new proprietor proposes to make this house First-Class in every respect. It is all new and clean, handsomely furnished, and in a good location.

The Dining Room

Will continue under the supervision of an experienced caterer, and the accommodations are such as to please guests and patrons in every department. no2-3m

C. H. DAVIS. JAS. VEIRS.

WOODLAND MEAT MARKETS.

CHAS. H. DAVIS & CO., Proprietors,

Good Beef,

MUTTON, VEAL,

PORK, SAUSAGE, SALT MEATS, ETC.,

Constantly on hand. ja4-3m

BUCKEYE AND COTTONWOOD STAGE!

After July 1st, 1874, the Stage for Cottonwood and Buckeye, carrying United States Mails, will LEAVE WOODLAND every Tuesday Thursday and Saturday mornings at half-past Six. Returning, will LEAVE BUCKEYE at One P.M., via Cottonwood.

Passengers will find this an easy and comfortable conveyance.

All business matters entrusted to me will attended to with promptness and fidelity.

ja3 J. G. ALLISON, PROPRIETOR.

Furniture and Undertaker's ESTABLISHMENT!

P. KRELLENBERG,

Dealer in all kinds of

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

A large assortment always on hand, which will be sold at reasonable prices!

—ALSO—

GENERAL UNDERTAKER,

I keep on hand a large lot of BURIAL CASES and COFFINS, and have a

FIRST-CLASS HEARSE,

So that I am prepared to supply everything necessary for Funerals on short notice.

Store, Cor. Third and Main Sts.,

Opp. Peckman's Livery Stables,

de7-3m WOODLAND.

Attention! Ladies!!

MRS. JOHN WEBBER

Will be pleased to receive customers at

ALEXANDER'S WHITE HOUSE,

Where she is prepared to do

DRESSMAKING,

ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

Dresses Fitted to Perfection!

Wedding Outfits a Specialty.

Call on Mrs. Webber at the White House.

N.B.—I am Agent for the American Sewing Machine, one of the best and cheapest in use. oc26

TO THE LADIES

—OF—

Woodland and Yolo County!

MRS. OGBURN,

MILLINER AND DRESSMAKER,

Having just returned from the Bay with a full assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Of the Latest Styles,

Would be pleased to have the Ladies call and examine them, confident that she can please in the future as well as in the past. She would also return thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

N.B.—Particular attention given to

DRESSMAKING!

Ladies taught to Cut and Fit by Chart.

Agency of the

New Weed Sewing Machine!

One of the most reliable in use.

Also, Agency for SCOURING & DYEING. de21

THE GOLDEN STATE

Boot and Shoe STORE!

Cor. 6th and J Sts.,

A. J. DANIS, Prop'r,

Has the Largest and Best Assortment of Goods in Sacramento.

GENTS' ALEXIS TIES,

Hand made, direct from Boston.

FRENCH CALF BOX TOED BOOTS, Morocco Leg, hand made.

☞ No Chinese Work. No Sheepskin Leather among My Goods. No imitation of Morocco made from Split Leather.

PRICES the LOWEST. CALL and EXAMINE.

Store, N. W. Cor. 6th and J sts.,

SACRAMENTO. no30-3m

C. W. Proctor,

DRUGGIST,

DEALER IN DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS

—AND—

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,

MAIN ST., UNDER CRAFT HOTEL

de14-3m WOODLAND.

RICHARD SCHNEIDER,

TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN,

Guitar and Vocal Music.

☞ Agent for Steinway & Sons, Decker Bros. and Emerson Pianos, Mason & Hamlin's and X. Stang's Organs.

A Selected Stock of Sheet Music,

Instruction Books, Music Folios, Best Strings, Guitars, etc., always on hand at San Francisco prices.

MASONIC BLOCK, WOODLAND, CAL. de1-3m

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST!

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PHOTOGRAPHER,

117 J STREET, SACRAMENTO.

EVERY STYLE OF PICTURE

Known to the Photographic Art

Executed in a Superior Manner

And at Satisfactory Prices!

CABINET CARDS, - - - $4 per doz.
CARTES DE VISITE, - - $2 per doz.
de7-3m

NEW MEAT MARKET!

The undersigned, having purchased the New Meat Market heretofore conducted by WELCH & MAIDERS, a few doors West of the Postoffice, respectfully solicit the patronage of the public. We are both practical men in the business, and shall at all times keep on hand the best qualities of

Fresh and Salt Meats!

With which to supply our customers. Satisfaction guaranteed to all who favor us with their trade in our line.

de7-3m STEINMITZ & LEINBERGER.

NOTICE!

2,000 Acres of First-Class Farming Land for Sale!

One mile from Dunnigan's Station, on the California Pacific Railroad and five miles from the Sacramento River. Terms of sale easy.

Address W. J. CLARKE,

jan28-tf Antelope, Yolo Co.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office over Sacramento Savings Bank, Sacramento City. ja4-3m

DR. HENRY M. KIER,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHER

OFFICE—With J. W. Snowball, Main Street, Knight's Landing, Cal. de21-3m

J. C. BALL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY,

OFFICE—Over Freeman's Store, Cor. First and Main street, Woodland, Cal. de14-3m

DR. A. B. MERRITT,

HYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Of 40 years practice, offers his professional services to the Citizens of Woodland and vicinity. Special attention paid to Chronic Diseases and Female Complaints. Orders left at Simpson's Drug Store will be promptly attended to. de7-3m

DR. E. A. GORDON,

KNIGHTS LANDING,

Offers his professional services to the citizens of that vicinity. Orders left at W. A. Sublett's Drug Store will be promptly attended to. de7-3m

DR. GEORGE H. JACKSON,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE—Over Bank of Woodland, corner of Main and First streets.

RESIDENCE—Second street, between Lincoln and Oak avenues. de7-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal. Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office, at Proctor's drug store; residence third house south of south of main st., opposite college. de5-3m

F. E. BAKER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT-LAW,

Office at Court House, Woodland. de7-3m

PRATHER & HOLMES,

DENTISTS,

☞ Nitrous Oxid (Laughing Gas) administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth. Bank Building, corner Main and First streets, Woodland. del

DR. A. FOUCH,

PHYSICIAN AND OBSTETRICIAN,

Is now permanently located in Antelope. All calls will receive prompt attention. del

DR. E. L. FARRAMORE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located in Woodland. Calls promptly attended in town and country at all hours. Orders may be left at Simpson's Drug Store. Office opposite Postoffice no23

C. H. GAROUTTE, W. B. TREADWELL.

TREADWELL & GAROUTTE,

SEARCHERS OF RECORDS

AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

Special attention paid to business in the Probate Court. no23-3m

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COUNTY SURVEYOR OF YOLO COUNTY,

Is prepared to do surveying in any part of the county, aided by an efficient Deputy and Assistants. Office in the Court House. no23-3m

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PHYS'CIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Graduate of the McGill University, Montreal, and Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario, Canada. Permanently located at Cacheville, Yolo County, Cal. no23-3m

DR. HOWARD FORD,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located at Davisville, and will promptly attend professional calls at all times. Office at Residence. no9-3m

CREED HAYMOND. PASCHAL H. COGGINS.

HAYMOND & COGGINS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,

Office over Gillig, Mott & Co's, No. 53 J street, Sacramento. Residence, Golden Eagle Hotel. no16-3m

W. R. HINKSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Fifth street, bet. I and J, Sacramento. In Office with Armstrong & Hinkson. no9

DR. B. H. PEIRSON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office, corner College and Main streets, Woodland. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M., unless professionally engaged. no2-3m

E. R. BUSH,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

WOODLAND, CAL.,

Will practice in the District and Supreme Courts. oc20-3m

C. S. FROST,

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Notary Public and Real Estate Agent, Woodland, Cal. Ranches and Town Property for sale. oc20-3m

CASTILLO BALL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW & NOTARY PUBLIC,

Woodland. oc20-3m

BANK OF WOODLAND.

WOODLAND, CAL.

Capital Stock $500.000.

J. D. STEPHENS.....PRESIDENT.
F. S. FREEMAN...VICE PRESIDENT.
C. W. BUSH.....CASHIER.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, Personal or Collateral ecurity.

Discount days, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Exchange Furnished on Sacramento, San Francisco, and Eastern and European Cities.

Collections promptly attended to at all available points.

☞ County Warrants purchased, and Greenbacks and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold. Papers, and all kinds of valuables, securely kept, free of charge.

Also, Three Ranches and Three Town Lots in Woodland for sale at reasonable rates. del

Holiday Presents!

DALE & CO.

Have now open the largest and best assortment of

HOLIDAY GIFTS

Ever Offered in Sacramento.

185 J STREET. no23-3m

Toy Stoves and Kitchen Sets,

CALL AND SEE THEM

AT DALE'S,

185 J STREET, - SACRAMENTO.

no23-3m

Chairman of the Louisiana Board.

[From the N. Y. World of Jan. 3d.]

Were the recent conduct and final action of the Louisiana Returning Board honest or dishonest?

That is the simple but very important question which is now on trial in this country.

This Board was indisputably and intensely partisan in its composition. It consisted of four members—two white and two colored men. The law creating it declared that it should consist of five members, and that men from each political party should be members. There was one vacancy, and, though having undisputed power to fill it, the Board refused either to appoint a Democrat to fill the vacancy or to appoint anybody. The Board thus made up deliberated and made its final decision in secret. It has refused, up to this time, to give the ways and methods by which its conclusions were reached. It threw out many thousands of Democratic ballots, and overthrew a popular majority for Tilden as President and Nicholls as Governor.

Surely here are suspicious circumstances in abundance. In the circumstances it was a crime in morals, if not in law, for this Board to refuse to fill the vacancy with a Democrat, and as the fruit of this crime has been found in possession of the Returning Board, the ordinary presumptions must apply. Further, if the testimony as to guilty intent be at all in equipoise between honesty and dishonesty, the prevsous personal character of the members must be inquired into.

Now, what manner of man was and is Wells, the Chairman of this Board? When by the law of 1867 Congress made Louisiana a military province under Sheridan as the department commander, Wells was Governor of the State, and Sheridan removed him from office by this order:

HEADQUARTERS 5TH MILITARY DISTRICT, NEW ORLEANS, June 3d, 1867.

His Excellency the Governor of Louisiana, J. Madison Wells, having made himself an impediment to the faithful execution of the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, by directly impeding the general in command in the faithful execution of the law, is hereby removed from the office of Governor of Louisiana, and Mr. Thos. H. Durant appointed thereto. Mr. Durant will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By command of Maj.-Gen. P. H. SHERIDAN.
GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

While Grant was General of the army, and before he had become President, Sheridan, in reporting to him his action in Louisiana, said of Wells: "He has embarrassed me very much since I came into command, by his subterfuge and political chicanery. This necessary act will be approved by every class and shade of political opinion here. He has not one friend who is an honest man."

Not content with this, this same department commander Sheridan, in his report to Stanton, as Secretary of War, drew this picture of the present chief of the Louisiana Returning Board: "Wells' conduct as Governor had been notoriously corrupt. He had illegally appointed a board of levee commissioners, who were authorized to hold over by an act of the Legislature, and a conflict of authority issued, and in the meantime the Mississippi overflowed and great damage was done to property. There was an appropriation of $4,000,000 made by the Legislature for repairs of the levees, and Wells wanted to finger some of this money." General Sheridan, in a letter to Secretary Stanton, dated June 3, 1867, explaining the action in removing Wells, said: "After the adjournment of the Legislature the Governor of the State appointed a Board of his own in violation of this act, and made the acknowledgement in person that his object was to disburse the money in the interest of his own party by securing for it the vote of the employés at the time of the election. The Board continued in office, but the Legislature refused to turn over to the Governor's Board, and each side appealed to me to sustain it, which I would not do. The question must then have gone to the courts, which, according to the Governor's judgment when he was appealing to me to be sustained, would require one year for decision. Meantime the State was overflowed. The levee boards were tied up by political chicanery, and nothing was done to remove the poor people, now fed by the charity of the Government and charitable associations of the North. I say now, unequivocally, that Govenor Wells is a political trickster and a dishonest man. I have seen him myself, when I first came to this command, turn out all of the Union men who had supported the Government, and put in their stead rebel soldiers, some of whom had not yet dropped their gray uniform. I have seen him again, during the July riot of 1866, skulk away where I could not find him to give him a guard, instead of coming out as a manly representative of the State and joining those who were preserving the peace. I have watched him since, and his conduct has been as sinuous as the mark left in the dust by the movement of a snake. I say again that he is dishonest, and dishonesty is more than must be expected of me."

We commend this portrait to all candid Republicans, and ask them if they propose to cheat Mr. Tilden out of the office of President by endorsing the work done by such an instrument?

A TRAIN IN COLLISION WITH ELEPHANTS.—On the railway from Madras to Shoranore, as a train was running at a fair rate of speed, the engineer saw a herd of elephants approaching him along the line. He whistled down the breaks. In an instant, however, they were into the herd. The leading elephant, an enormous tusker, was apparently only enraged by the whistle, and charged the advancing train. There was a tremendous concussion. The elephant was knocked off to one side mutilated and writhing, and the train, after a series of violent jolts that nearly threw it off the line, came to a standstill against the bodies of two other animals of the herd. The tusker was dispatched by an English gentleman who was travelling in the train, and his tusks were secured, after which the train proceeded on its journey. The herd scampered away, and turned when about a half mile off on a knoll, looking in a dazed, stupid way at the train as it moved off.—*London Globe.*

Official Vote of the State.

Corrected from Official Records, Jan. 1, 1877.

[From the Sacramento Record-Union.]

The following table shows the official vote of the State as cast at the last election. The highest votes cast for electoral candidates were taken to represent the Presidential choice of the people. The figures and totals for President are official, as declared by the Secretary of State. Marin county failed to report in time, but in this table her vote is included. The figures and totals for Controller are from the official returns in the Secretary of State's office with Marin included. The total vote of the State is 155,800; Hayes' majority over all was 2,736.

COUNTIES.	President.		Controller.	
	Hayes—R...	Tilden—D...	Kenfield—R	Brown—D...
Alameda	4941	3348	4935	3345
Alpine	110	65	110	65
Amador	1172	1315	1172	1314
Butte	1665	1635	1654	1642
Calaveras	896	936	891	927
Colusa	766	1469	762	1471
Contra Costa	1184	838	1184	825
Del Norte	186	229	186	228
El Dorado	1331	1441	1330	1416
Fresno	338	968	335	970
Humboldt	1637	1127	1647	1114
Inyo	343	375	342	375
Kern	556	844	556	843
Lake	380	703	381	702
Lassen	256	227	254	229
Los Angeles	3042	3615	3068	3585
Marin	651	619	648	614
Mariposa	365	554	364	553
Mendocino	929	1284	924	1284
Merced	558	804	561	802
Modoc	208	322	177	311
Mono	153	125	151	123
Monterey	1183	1012	1181	1004
Napa	1153	965	1151	958
Nevada	2300	1905	2296	1909
Placer	1611	1278	1609	1279
Plumas	584	502	584	502
Sacramento	3839	2485	3806	2467
San Benito	435	664	432	661
San Bernardino	674	607	666	599
San Diego	794	698	791	698
San Francisco	21172	20399	21090	20400
San Joaquin	2272	1850	2272	1824
San Luis Obispo	772	944	766	885
San Mateo	871	696	869	693
Santa Barbara	1174	744	1171	739
Santa Clara	3336	3065	3330	3066
Santa Cruz	1537	1132	1533	1131
Shasta	625	641	624	641
Sierra	917	511	912	511
Siskiyou	718	861	719	851
Solano	1952	1753	1944	1748
Sonoma	2433	2907	2435	2893
Stanislaus	802	1697	801	1697
Sutter	550	553	551	553
Tehama	647	675	641	677
Trinity	388	408	385	407
Tulare	986	1370	983	1367
Tuolumne	809	917	913	809
Ventura	609	591	606	591
Yolo	1233	1360	1229	1356
Yuba	1251	1077	1241	1079
Totals	79269	76405	78529	75567

CONGRESSIONAL.

San Francisco comprises the First Congressional District. Davis (R) has 22,114; Piper (D), 19,363.

In the Second Congressional District, Page (R) received 20,815, and Carpenter (D) 15,916

In the Third Congressional District, McKenna (R) received 18,990 and Luttrell (D) 19,846; scattering, 7. For Controller, 4.

In the Fourth Congressional District, Pacheco (R) received 19,104, Wiggington (D) 19,103; scattering, 22.

The Cooper (Greenback) electoral ticket received 47 votes; the American, 19; making total Electoral vote of the State, 155,800.

POINTED AND CORRECT.—Mr. Banning, of Ohio, made a speech in the House the other day on the Presidential situation which had the effect to perceptibly alarm Mr. Garfield, of the same State. Mr. B. said:

The other side of the House has also objected to the appointment of Committees to investigate frauds in the Southern States, and with three exceptions voted against it. They had also voted against the resolution calling for information in regard to the appointment of Wells to the Governorship of Louisiana. The Republicans attempted to defeat the will of the people by fraud, but if there was one thing that the people loved more than another—more than life—it was vouchsafed to them in an honest ballot-box. [Applause on the Democratic side and in the galleries.] He wished to tell the gentleman from Ohio, (Garfield), that the people would have an honest ballot-box. Though the army might come; though the navy might be called upon; though the 80,000 office-holders might be called to the rescue, an honest people would pull them all down. [Applause.] He hoped that members on the other side of the House would throw aside their partisanship and stand by the right.

REPORT OF THE C. P. R. R. COMPANY.—WASHINGTON, January 10.—The Report of the Central Pacific Railroad Company for the year ended last year, has been transmitted to the Senate, in compliance with Booth's resolution. It is an uncommonly brief document, containing, besides the names and residences of the stockholders and officers, the following information only: Amount received for transportation of passengers, $5,485,000; for freight, $9,161,000. The total operating expenses were $6,889,000. The amount of capital stock subscribed is $62,680,000; actually paid in $54,275,000; The total indebtedness of the consolidated company is stated at $89,061,000, made up in round numbers as follows: United States Government bonds, $27,856,000; first mortgage bonds Central and Western Pacific Railroad, $28,618,000; Central Pacific convertible bonds, $1,500,000; Central Pacific land grant bonds, $9,276,000; ditto, California State aid, $1,500,000; California and Oregon Railroad first mortgage bonds, $8,000,000; San José Valley Railroad bonds, $6,080,000; Alameda Railroad bonds, $500,000; bills payable, $3,760,000; and personal account, nearly $2,000,000.

HOW TO GET FAT.—A pint of milk taken before retiring at night will cover the scrawniest bones. There are many lean and lank females who sigh for the fashionable measures of plumpness, and who would be vastly improved in health could their figures be rounded with good solid flesh. Nothing is more coveted by thin women than a full figure, and nothing so provokes the scandal of one the "clipper builds" as the consciousness of plumpness in a rival. In cases of fever and summer complaints milk is now given with excellent results. The idea that milk is feverish has exploded. It is a great mistake to scrimp the milk pitcher.—*Druggist Circular.*

FILES OF THE LOCAL PAPER.—The Petaluma *Argus* says: "A few years ago the Court House in one of the interior counties was destroyed by fire and with it all the county records, also most of the buildings in town, including the only printing office in the county. The files of the paper were saved, however, and they were purchased for the county by the Supervisors for nine hundred dollars.

The Constitution of the United States.

This instrument is the fundamental law of the land. No State can enact any law which conflicts with it. Indeed, no act of the Legislature can be considered a law which conflicts with this instrument—it is so much chaff.

The Democratic party has always been the advocate for the strict construction of that instrument, against all other parties which have had any existence in the United States. So much has the party been wedded to its traditional fealty to that sacred bond of union, that it has been termed "old fogy" and behind the age because it has not sacrificed its obligations to it for the temporary success which its abandonment of duty might guarantee. But we cling to it as the Christian clings to the Bible, and as the martyr turns his eye to the Cross when he is about to suffer death for his faith, we turn to the Constitution.

Constantine, the first Emperor of the Roman Empire, was at one time, with his army, nearly exhausted for water, and promised God that he would become his disciple if rain would fall, to revive his famishing troops. The rain came in showers, in answer to his prayers, and a cross was seen in the heavens in token of covenant. Through fire and water, persecution and death, have the followers of Constantine been tried, and still the banner of Christianity waves over every land. With equal devotion has the Democracy clung to the compact made by the fathers, and to-day we see the good which accrues from a close adherence to our obligations. With a wanton disregard to the Constitution of our country, and a greedy lust for power, several of the candidates of the Republicans have had places on the Electoral ticket while they held Federal offices. This has disqualified them, and their places have been filled as if no candidate was voted for.

Let the followers of the Republican party say as much as they please about defrauding the people of Oregon or any other State—it is better that the people in all the States be disfranchised than the Constitution violated. It is the sheet-anchor of our liberty and we must not destroy it.—*Eureka Sentinel.*

VANDERBILT'S WILL.—A telegraphic dispatch dated New York, Jan. 8th, says:

Commodore Vanderbilt's will was filed for probate to-day. The Commodore leaves all his property to his son, Wm. H. Vanderbilt, who is to pay the following bequests: $500,000 each to four of his daughters, and $3 0,0 0 each to the other four; to Cornelius Vanderbilt, his son, the interest on $2,000,000; to Cornelius J. Vanderbilt, son of Wm. H., $2,500,000; to his wife, $250,000 in addition to the $500,000 settled on her at her marriage, together with his mansion, furniture, plate, horses, etc. In addition he leaves $1,000,000 to be divided among a list of names which he left with Wm. H. Vanderbilt. Among the minor legacies are: To the family Physician, Dr. Laisby, $10.000; to Captain James Braisted, a former employé, $4,000; to Lambert Wardell, an old faithful clerk, $20,000; to his grandson, W. K. Thorne, $25,000; Rev. Dr. Deems, $20,000. Wm. H. Vanderbilt, his sons Cornelius and William, and Samuel Barton, nephew of the Commodore, are appointed executors of the will and trustees. The codicil gives his grandson, Cornelius, 22,496 shares of the capital stock of the New York and Harlem Railroad, and 31,650 shares of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad; to Wm. K. Vanderbilt, another grandson, 20,000 shares of the New York Central and Hudson stock, and to Frederick W., another grandson, 20,000 shares of the same stock, deliverable at his majority; to George Vanderbilt, another grandson, 20,000 shares of the same stock, with the same restriction. Witnessed by Francis P. Freeman, Sidney A. Casey, Joseph Harker and Charles A. Rapallo, and the codicil by Edwin B. Worcester, S. Derickson and Charles Rapallo.

WHICH WILL YOU SERVE?—You cannot serve two masters, try your best; yet hosts of people every day shout good Lord and good Devil. They try to serve God and gold—there's only the difference of one letter in the words, but all eternity hangs on the orthography. Good men, as the world calls goodness, and bad men have all tried this double service, and all have pitiably failed. Eve tried it first, and all mankind have since imitated her example, but without arriving at any better results. Talleyrand also tried to play two games at the same time, and failed just like an ordinary man. When Charles X died, he drove through Paris for a couple of days wearing a white hat. In a convenient side-pocket was concealed a neat piece of black crape. When he went through the Faubourg of the Carlists he whipped the crape out of his pocket, twisted it about his hat, and looked as mournful as though he had lost his best friend. When, however, he came to the quarter of the Tuileries he deftly slipped the crape off, put it into his pocket, and looked around with a bewitching smile. You might as easily expect to run in two opposite directions at once as to serve two masters. The thing can't be done.—*Christian at Work.*

COUNTING THE ELECTORAL VOTE.—WASHINGTON, J. n. 11—The House Committee on the Privileges, Powers and Duties of the House of Representatives in counting the electoral vote, held a long session to-night, and finished their report of that subject. Their conclusions are: First, that the power to count the Electoral vote is not conferred by the Constitution upon the President of the Senate. Second, that this power is conferred by the Constitution upon the Senate and House of Representatives. Third, that in the execution of the power to count the Electoral vote, the House of Representatives is coördinate and equal with the Senate. Fourth, that in counting the Electoral votes no vote can be counted against the judgment and without the assent of the House. These propositions were agreed to by a strict party vote. Representatives Knott, Tucker, Marsh and Sparks, Democrats, voting in the affirmative, and Representatives Seelye, Buchard of Illinois, and McDill, Radicals, in the negative. Representative Knott will make the report to-morrow, and will ask that a day be fixed for its consideration.

Fate of The Apostles.

St. Matthew was the son of Alpheus, a Jew, of the tribe of Issachar, and thence called Levi. In the year 60 he was seized and suffered martyrdom in a city of Ethiopia. The instrument of death being a halbert or pike, with a hatchet affixed.

Mark was dragged through the streets of Alexandria till he expired.

Luke was hanged to an olive tree in Greece.

John was put on a boiling cauldron at Rome, but escaped death; fled to the Isle of Patmos in the Grecian Archipelago where he "was in a vision on the Lord's day"—his data of the book of "Revelations." He died a natural death at Ephesus, Asia.

James the great was beheaded at Jerusalem.

James the less was thrown from a pinnacle and beaten to death.

Philip was beheaded.

Bartholomew was flayed alive.

Andrew was crucified and pounded while dying. The cross was shaped like the letter X, hence, "St. Andrew's cross."

Thomas was run through with a lance.

Jude was shot with arrows.

Simon Peter was crucified head downward. The Greek cross comes of this.

Matthias was stoned to death.

Barnabas was stoned.

Paul was beheaded by the tyrant Nero, at Rome.

The same spirit which murdered the Apostles, murdered Christ before them. See John 11ch. 47—51 inclusive. Because Christ wrought works through the law, which to them were miraculous, the high priest declared, "If we let him alone, all will believe on him." etc.,

THE EMPIRE STATE.—It is fortunate for this great State and its interests that a man of the character and experience of Governor Robinson has taken the place just vacated by Governor Tilden. The message which the Governor sent to the Legislature not only takes a comprehensive view of the affairs of the State, but offers suggestions of exceeding importance and value, which, if taken into account, will greatly improve the administration and inure to the public advantage. Governor Robinson proceeds at once to take up the subject that is so familiar to him and most important to the State—its finances; showing that the funded debt underwent a decrease of five millions during the fiscal year; that at its close there was a small balance in the treasury; that the bounty debt, which is about to mature, will be fully met out of the funds at the disposal of the State; and that the amount due upon the general debt next year can be paid out of the sinking fund without taxation. Mr. Robinson is no less familiar with the canal interest of the State, in referring to which he says: "The effective measures of reform which have been enforced in the last two years, arresting mismanagement and fraud and reducing expenses, have saved the canals from total ruin. Small as the income is, the expenses have been reduced below it, and yet the canals have been kept in complete repair during the entire season. Their future success, if they are to have any, must depend upon a faithful perseverance in this policy."

WELL PAID.—Messrs. Brooks and Bee, the advocates and attorneys of the Chinese before the Congressional Committee, loudly protested that they were working without promise or expectation of reward. The result of this free labor, so far as one of the philanthropic attorneys is concerned, is thus stated by the *Post*:

Benjamin S. Brooks, who, with Col. F. A. Bee, represented the Chinese before the recent Congressional Committee, was yesterday the recipient of a magnificent present from the Chinese merchants of this city. It required an express wagon to convey the present to Mr. Brooks' residence. The testimonial consisted of one set of nineteen pieces of silverware, one large case containing fifty-two pieces of "imperial silver"—forks, spoons, etc.—six boxes of Emperor's tea, worth $8 per pound, and a complete Chinese tea-set of rare and exquisite workmanship. The presentation address was made by Wah Kee in behalf of the Chinese Companies, who also presented a letter of thanks from the six Companies. Mr. Brooks replied in fitting terms.

AN INTRUDER.—U. S. Grant will cease to be President and Commander-in Chief, on Saturday, the 3d of March, is the opinion of the St. Louis *Republican*. How, then, can he superintend the inauguration or have anything to do with it? If he remains in the White House till the morning of the 4th of March he will be an intruder. If he performs a single executive act after midnight of the 3 1 of March he will be an usurper. There will be do President during Sunday and part of Monday preceding the inauguration. President Grant will have dropped from the Executive

The Yolo Democrat,

With a Weekly Supplement.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF YOLO COUNTY.

WOODLAND, CAL.:

Thursday, January 18, 1877.

RELEASED.—H. H. Granice, twice tried and convicted for the murder of Madden in Stanislaus county, has been released by the Supreme Court.

$1,000,000,000!—The New York *Sun* of January 2d says: "It is a moderate estimate that the attempt to count in Hayes has already cost the country, in the stoppage of business, in the enforced pauperism of laboring people, and the general decline in values, at least one thousand millions of dollars.

SENSIBLE COMPROMISE.—The trustees of the Lick estate have compromised with the contesting heirs, buying them off with the sum of $383,000, $270,000 of which, in addition to the $150,000 bequeathed by his father, goes to Mr. Lick's son; leaving $113,000 to be divided among the other claimants.

APROPOS. — Don Platt says that Eliza Pinkston was brought in on a sofa and sent out on a shovel, and his words about suit the circumstances of the case. She is an ignorant black woman, proven to be a harlot of the vilest character, capable of descending to any depth of infamy for pay. And this is the character of evidence the Radical party is procuring to build a case upon in Louisiana. How much lower can they go?

"WHO SHALL BE PRESIDENT?"—We commend to the careful perusal of our readers the ably written, exhaustive article by Mr. Henry George, one of our clearest and most profound political thinkers, under the above heading. We need not comment. Mr. George states clearly and forcibly the course that must be pursued in determining this unnecessarily vexed question, and a reading of his views will enlighten and satisfy the mind of every candid and intelligent person.

GOVERNOR WILLIAMS was inaugurated at Indianapolis on the 8th instant. He delivered a brief address to the Legislature, concluding with an allusion to the late canvass, as follows: "We have just passed through one of the most exciting and bitter campaigns I have ever witnessed. None have had more bitterness and unjustifiable scandal heaped upon their heads than myself. Notwithstanding all this, I shall be pleased to coöperate with you in any measure calculated to make us a united, prosperous and happy people."

HARPER'S WEEKLY ADMITS TILDEN'S ELECTION.—George William Curtis, editor of the *Weekly*, is reported to be one of the honest Republicans who seem to have reached the conclusion that Tilden is fairly elected. An editoral in a late number contends that Louisiana must be counted for Tilden or not at all. *Harper's Weekly* has been, and perhaps is, red-hot-Radical. The *Examiner* remarks: "This very significant declaration from such a source was telegraphed to San Francisco? Oh, no!"

CONKLING.—Commenting on the substitution of Mr. Conkling for Logan on the Senate Committee on the counting of electoral votes, the New York *Sun* says: This action relieves the committee of a bitter and narrow partisan, a man lacking in legal acquirements and judicial capacity, and gives to it a man of broader views, far higher character, and greater fitness for the serious work the committee has in hand. Moreover, the country has strong hopes that Senator Conkling will treat the matter of the counting of the electoral votes in a spirit of fairness and with statesmanlike candor and judgment which will rise above partisanship.

WOULDN'T BE MADE A CAT'S-PAW.—It is stated that Gen. Hancock was ordered from New York to California, and that Sheridan was to be placed in command at the former place, but that Hancock sent in his resignation, to take effect if the order was not revoked, and revoked it was. There is no truer soldier or better man in all the army than General Hancock. He had sense enough, too, to understand the game that was being put up, and rather than submit, or allow himself to become a party, however indirectly, to the contemplated Radical outrage, like a true man and patriot, he made it understood that his resignation would be tendered. Grant and his cohorts dared not carry out the vile plot.

THE DEMOCRATS SUSTAINED BY THE PEOPLE.—The Democratic Legislature of Louisiana has been notified by Thomas Adams, President of the Citizens' Committee, that their orders on the Treasurer of the Committee for any amount he has, will be promptly paid. Just as they did and are doing in South Carolina, so the substantial, law-abiding citizens of Louisiana are sustaining the Democratic Governor and the Legislature of their State, legally and clearly chosen by the people. The danger in both cases is, that Usurping Scalawag Grant will override the decisions of the people by military interference. It left to the people of the States, they will settle their difficulties satisfactorily to the majority therein, and if they are satisfied no one else has a right to complain; so long as everything is done legally and fairly.

Who Shall be President?

A SURVEY OF THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

BY HENRY GEORGE.

That who shall be President for the next term should yet be treated as an open question, is both scandalous and dangerous—scandalous because the uncertainty implies a doubt of the efficacy of law; dangerous, because when law fails, force is the necessary resort.

We are within a few weeks of the time set for counting the electoral vote, and it is becoming every day more important that the popular mind should be made up, and the popular decision announced. For it is not Congress who will settle this question for the people, but the people for Congress. On both sides the representatives will go just as far as they feel sure of support; they will go no further.

The real danger is in the suppression, not in the expression of opinion. Had the people North and South looked the situation fairly in the face sixteen years ago, there would have been no war. To do so now is the best way to avoid the possibility of trouble. And it is wisest to do so at once. Quarrels generally come step by step, and the original merits of a dispute are soon lost sight of in fresh provocations. In the present unsettled condition of the public mind, events which may excite passion are liable to occur at any time, and those now capable of a cool judgment may in a few weeks be past that point. It is not the part of prudence to let a powder magazine lie open, on the theory that no one would be so foolish as to toss that way the stub of a cigar.

The situation is certainly grave enough to demand from every citizen careful, honest and patriotic consideration, as devoid of partisan feeling as is possible. Who is President for the next four years is of comparatively little importance; but it is of inestimable importance that whoever is President holds office by virtue of lawful election. The moment that any party can retain power in the United States after it has been defeated, that moment we abandon the American and adopt the Mexican system. No party can afterward be expected to go out until forced out, and in a little while we will be estimating political strength not by votes but by bayonets.

The crisis is momentous. We are in full view of the rock on which other republics have split. We are face to face with the danger which unbelievers in popular government have from the first predicted would finally overwhelm us. The action of the American people in the next few months must go far to settle the question, yet consideres an open one by many wise statesmen in other lands, whether an hereditary executive is not the only mode of securing permanence and domestic peace. We act not only for ourselves, but for mankind at large. From our rate of growth the head of the American nation must soon be the most important official personage in the world—an official who in real grandeur and dignity of position will be to Czar and Emperor almost what the master of Imperial Rome was to tributary Kingligs. how long can divine right stand before the spectacle of such a chieftain laying down his power every four years at the behest of the people? But if the standards of republicanism drop in our grasp, who shall take them up?

What has hitherto enabled us to govern ourselves has been our adherence to the settled rules of action which we denominate law. This is the sovereign to whom we swear allegiance, and so long as We are true to that allegiance there can be no domestic dispute which cannot be peacefully and satisfactorily settled.

Nor is there anything in the present conjuncture which makes it without the proper province of law? Whatever difficulty there is does not arise from the fact that we are placed in circumstances not provided for by law; but from a disposition to ignore the law. our Constitution still deserves all the veneration it has ever received. It is not such a bungle as some would have us think, and to blame its framers for difficulties that have arisen simply from violations of its provisions, is as foolish as it would be to blame the maker because a watch would not run well after we had taken out one of its wheels. The Constitution provides for the election of a President by the votes of the States, and for cases in which the States fail to elect. What it does not provide for is, for the organization of state Legislatures at the point of the bayonet. Nor yet does it provide any means for forcing on the country a President never chosen.

The more carefully the matter is considered, the clearer, I think, will it appear that a loyal adherence to the Constitution will solve all difficulties and dispel all dangers. The only cause of uncertainty in the public mind, the only element of danger in the situation, is a disposition to make Mr. Hayes President, law or no law. That such a determination exists, and that in quarters where it can't be regarded as sincere, is shown by the acts and utterances of the official head of the Republican party, himself a Cabinet officer; by the acts and utterances of the President of the United States; by some of the leading Senators, and by the confident belief of active Republican politicians that they are assured of four years more of power and patronage. Mr. Hayes himself does not seem to be much consulted or considered; but so far as he has made any sign, it is that of acquiescence. Yet the attempt to carry this determination into effect must necessarily end in a collision.

In saying that Mr. Hayes cannot peacefully be made President, I reason from general principles. I think the candid man, however firm may be his opinion that Mr. Hayes should have been elected, will deny that Mr. Tilden *was* elected. For even though he may contend that intimidation existed in such States as Louisiana, he will hardly contend that that should have any greater effect than to throw out the vote of the State instead of reversing it. But, however this may be, it is certain that a very large majority of the people of the United States—a majority including many who voted for Mr. Hayes—firmly believe that Mr. Tilden was honestly elected by a considerable electoral as well as a great popular majority.

Now, with their habits of obedience to law, our people can be safely counted on to submit to a moral wrong, when it has the color and is clothed with the forms of law. But when a moral wrong is at the same time a legal wrong, this very habit of obedience to law makes it more certain that they will not submit. And the inauguration of Mr. Hayes as President must be, not merely in the teeth of the conviction of a majority of the people that Mr. Tilden was fairly elected, but it must be in defiance of every legal principle.

For in no possible way can Mr. Hayes be lawfully declared the elected President.

1st. Mr. Tilden has a large majority of the popular vote. This of itself does not give him a legal title to the office; but, like certain kinds of testimony, may be used to explain other testimony. It is important as showing on which side the presumptions ought to be in case of any technical dispute or difficulty. Nor has it ever happened that any candidate for the Presidency ever received a majority of popular votes without receiving also a majority of electoral votes. From Washington to Grant there has never been a case in which the electoral vote made a President who did not also have more popular votes than any competitor. It is a curious fact, that up to the present time the result of the electoral machinery in each case has been precisely what it would have been had the people voted directly for President.

2d. Nor is the result different in this instance. Mr. Tilden has a majority of electoral votes duly authenticated under the seals of the States. It is true that one of these votes is cast by an elector who only became such because of the Constitutional ineligibility of his competitor, and that this vote is contested by another vote cast by the ineligible candidate, who claims to have got around the prohibition of the Constitution by resigning and then having himself chosen by the other electors to fill the vacancy thus created by himself. Of Governor Grover's action it is only necessary to say, that if it stands, that particular prohibition of the Constitution will be respected by all parties for all time to come, as it was intended to be respected. If Governor Grover's action does not stand, then the prohibition is a dead letter, and the electoral colleges may be filled up with Federal officials who resign for a day that they may cast their votes. But this it is not necessary to discuss. The primary question is, can any votes be received other than those duly authenticated by the signatures of the Governors of the states, under seal of the States. If they cannot, then Mr. Tilden has a majority of the electoral votes; if they can, then it is not merely the two sets of votes from Oregon that are put in question, but the two sets of votes from South Carolina, Florida and Louisiana.

3d. This question must be determined either by the two Houses acting in joint convention as one body, or by the two Houses acting as separate bodies. If acting as one body a majority will decide; and if it is determined that it is competent to go behind the seal of a State, that majority (being Democratic) will certainly count the votes of Louisiana, probably those of Florida, and possibly those of South Carolina for Mr. Tilden, thus giving him the election, whatever is done in the case of Oregon.

4th. If the Houses act as separate bodies, the concurrence of both will be necessary to any positive action, unless it be held that the Twenty-second Joint Rule is still in force, in which case either House may act for itself so far as to reject the vote of a State. If (which is not probable) the Twenty-second Joint Rule is held to be in force, or some similar rule is adopted, then the Senate may reject the vote of Oregon. This would simply leave Oregon out of the count (for the power is merely one of rejection and not of selection) and the House will have command of the situation even without exercising its right of rejection in the cases of the three Southern States. For without Oregon, the vote (counting the three disputed Southern States for Hayes) will stand—Tilden, 184; Hayes, 182—either Mr. Tilden's election, or a failure of either candidate to obtain a majority, which throws the election into the House.

5th, But if (which is probable) the Twenty-second Joint Rule be held not to be in force, then three cases may be imagined: (1.) If it be held that the duly authenticated electoral votes are prima facie *the* votes of the States, both Houses must concur to set aside that which makes it without their province to count their place, and as the House will never consent to give Mr Hayes the missing vote of Oregon, unless Mr. Tilden receives the votes of one or more of the contested Southern States, Mr. Tilden's election is the certain result. (2.) If it be held (which is hardly supposable), that all the certificates, regular or irregular, are to be taken as the basis until where there is a contest, one set is rejected, then the only alternative to Mr. Tilden's election by a proper vote, is that the two Houses will not concur in any rejection, and that the vote, is counted, will stand: Tilden, 203; Hayes, 185—either Mr. Tilden's election or no election. (3.) If it be held that all certificates stand on the same basis, and that where two sets of votes are presented from one State, neither can be counted until one set is accepted, then either the Senate must succumb to Mr. Tilden's election, or by one House voting to accept one set of votes from the contested States, and the other House voting to accept the other, all the votes of all the disputed States be thrown out. Should this be the case, but 346 votes will be counted, of which Mr. Tilden will have 184 and Mr. Hayes 162.

6th. In the latter case, or in that previously imagined as likely to happen under the Twenty-second Joint Rule, the question will turn on the interpretation of the words of the Constitution, "a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed." If this be held to mean a majority of the whole number of votes counted, then Mr. Tilden is chosen. If it be held to mean a majority of the electoral votes which all the States are entitled to cast, then "no person has such majority," and it becomes the constitutional duty of the House of Representatives, in the prescribed manner, to "choose immediately by ballot, the President," whereupon Mr. Tilden will be undoubtedly elected.

It will thus be seen that on every possible hypothesis of Congressional action, the only alternative to Mr. Tilden's election by a majority of the votes counted, is his election by the House of Representatives. As "all roads lead to Rome," so every supposable theory of interpretation or action leads to the one result, the same result to which, since the formation of our Government, the elective machinery has always worked—the formal choice of the candidate who received a majority of the popular vote.

Let us now see whether it is possible to change this result by non-action. In preceding suppositions I have taken no account of the possibility of contesting votes being produced by the President of the Senate from any States other than those in which there has been an open contest; for as the House would undoubtedly refuse in any way to consider them, this would not affect the position, and (as in the case of a refusal to consider the vote of any State) would give the Senate no greater advantage in producing a dead lock than would an actual refusal to count them in counting the electoral votes. Such refusal, whatever excuse be given for it, or if no excuse be given, is all that is within the power of the Senate.

In judging of what would follow the refusal of the Senate to assist in counting the electoral votes or announcing the result, we must go to the letter of the Constitution for light, and that alone, is the law of the case and "the supreme law of the land." The language of the Twelfth Amendment, prescribing the manner in which the President shall be chosen, is as follows:

"The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and the House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President *shall be the President*, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest number, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, *the House of Representatives shall choose immediately by ballot the President.* * And *if the House of Representatives* shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, *then* the Vice President shall act as President, as in case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President."

This language (and especially the words I have italicised) shows unmistakably that in case of failure of the electoral machinery, the duty of choosing a President devolves directly upon the House. It does not depend upon the formal announcement of the Senate or President of the Senate, or any person, or any thing. It is an original duty, directly imposed, as the occasion for which the House, and the House alone, is the judge. No principle of our polity is better settled than that, when a direct duty is imposed by the Constitution upon any one of the great departments of government, that department is its own interpreter of the Constitution. If the House, for itself, decides that "no person have such majority," then the House, for itself, must proceed to elect the President. It is required to vote "by States"—not by somebody's permission; for nobody's concurrence. Either some person has been elected President by a majority of the electoral votes, in which case "he *shall* be the President," or no person has been elected, in which case the House *shall* elect. There is no middle ground of nonaction by which, while no President is chosen, no President is permitted to be chosen. The Constitution enforces itself. When one body fails to exercise the power devolved upon it, that power is passed immediately to another body, which must immediately act. And it is to be remarked that the Constitution makes no provision for the failure of the electoral vote to choose a President, other than that of devolving the power of choice upon the House. The Vice-President does not become President when the electoral vote fails, but when the House of Representatives fails to choose a President. The power must pass through the House before it can rest upon any one not chosen by the electoral vote, and it cannot pass if the House chooses to act, any more than a title by descent could pass from grandfather to grandson, were the immediate ancestor in existence. Nothing but its own refusal can prevent the present House of Representatives from electing, in case of the non-action of the Senate; and in case it did refuse, the power to elect would not pass to the next House, but to the people. Beaten before, an election now would be an utter annihilation to the party whose refusal to execute the popular verdict has perpetuated anxiety and depression. Even if it were possible to compel a popular election, it offers nothing which would enable the Republican leaders to rally their forces for such a stand. This is not what the desperate men who have so much at stake in retaining possession of the Government are dreaming of—the intimations about a popular election, like those about reference to the Supreme Court, etc., being merely thrown out to confuse the public mind and prepare it for a desperate move.

What they are dreaming of is a *coup d'etat*, Napoleonic in its audacity if not in its estimate of possibilities—nothing less than that the President of the Senate shall himself canvass the vote and declare the result—a plot to which the President of the Senate is openly reported to have avowed his willingness to lend himself, as the first reception this plot seemed to be that the President of the Senate should at once claim this power; at present it seems to be that he shall first give the two Houses an opportunity to concur in some action as to the disputed States, which his confederates in the Senate are to take care they do not do, and finally, with an "I-can't fooi-away-any-more-time air," to take the decision upon himself. Which of these plans is adopted makes no difference. It is evident that the President of the Senate can have no greater Constitutional power on the 2d of March than on the 14th of February, nor in case of the difference than in case of the concurrence of the two Houses—the usurpation is in either case the same.

That such an attempt would be an usurpation as bald and bold as though the General of the Army or a corporal of marines were to seize the returns and declare the result, the slightest consideration will show:

Although the respectable opinion of Chancellor Kent is that the ministerial duty of counting the votes devolves on the President of the Senate, the letter of the Constitution is clearly against it, for we cannot presume that it was intented to ambiguously convey in a greater number of words, "The President of the Senate shall open all the certificates and the votes shall then be counted," a meaning which could have been unmistakably expressed in a fewer number, as "The President of the Senate shall open all the certificates and count the votes." The constant practice, too, has been against it. The custom of appointing tellers on the part of each House to count the vote, and the adoption and existence for years of the Twenty-second Joint Rule, prove conclusively that even this theory of the ministerial duty of the President of the Senate has never obtained. Whether the Twenty-second Joint Rule is or is not abrogated, has nothing whatever to do with this question, for no one will pretend that Congress can either add to or subtract from the Constitution by a joint rule; and if under that rule the two Houses and not the President of the Senate had the Constitutional power to canvass the vote, that power must remain in them now and cannot have lapsed to the President of the Senate.

But the point which makes idle all discussion as to what may or may not be the ministerial power of the President of the Senate, is, that to declare Mr. Hayes elected, it will be necessary for him to far transcend ministerial duties and to exercise judicial functions. Had it not been for the ineligible Oregon elector, it would have been possible for the Republican leaders to have set up a theory by which some color of legality might have been given to the action of the President of the Senate in declaring Mr. Hayes elected. It could have been urged that the electors being representatives of the States in their sovereign and individual capacity, the decision of the State authorities as to who were entitled to cast the State votes was final, and could not be reviewed either by the President of the Senate, the Houses of Congress or any other extra-State authority. This theory would have reversed the previous theory and practice even of those setting it up, and it would have ignored the fact, that two votes of States determining the result had been procured and certified to by extra-State power acting through Governments set up by extra-State force. But it would have had a color of legality; would have appealed with peculiar cogency to the Democratic mode of thought, and might possibly have been carried out.

But since Mr. Tilden has received one of the regular Oregon votes, Mr. Hayes cannot be declared President on this theory. To accomplish that object it will be necessary for the President of the Senate to count in as legitimate all the regularly certified votes from the contested Southern States, and then to count out as illegitimate the regularly certified vote of Oregon.

Is it possible to conceive any more flagrant usurpation than that involved in this programme? There is not merely no shadow of a foundation in the letter of the Constitution for such a claim, which denies to the two Houses even the necessary functions of witnesses to see that the proper votes are counted, but it utterly outrages the whole spirit of that instrument. The Constitution nowhere places in the hands of any one man such vast power as is thus claimed for the President of the Senate. Experience, under the Continental Congress and the Articles of Confederation, had shown the necessity of a single executive, yet even in the power of this highest and most necessary official was so guarded in the Constitution that he can act in no important particular, save with the concurrence of one or both branches of Congress.

So far from dreaming of placing the decision of a disputed Presidential election in the hands of a single man, the framers of the Constitution purposely selected the House of Representatives, the most numerous and closest to the people of all the official bodies created by that instrument, as the depository of the power of choosing the President in the only case in which they anticipated any failure of the electoral machinery.

Still more preposterous, if that be possible, does the assumption seem, when we consider that at the time of the adoption of the Constitution, the Vice-President, who is ex-officio President of the Senate, was looked upon as the natural successor by election of the President. John Adams, our first Vice-President, in acquainting his wife with Washington's determination to refuse a third term, styles himself the "heir apparent." When Washington, as Jefferson, his Vice-President, succeeded him. And since the adoption of the Constitution it has happened in no less than nine Presidential elections that one of the candidates was himself President of the Senate, and according to the preposterous assumption now made would thus, in event of a dispute, have been the final judge in his own case!

It is not merely in thus making an official the judge in his own case, that this assumption, besides outraging the Constitution, violates as well principles far older than the Constitution—the bedrock, so to speak, of constitutional common law, cemented through long ages, reaching back into the twilight of histo y, upon which the fathers builded. That the presiding officer of any representative body should have powers greater than, and in opposition to, those of that body it-elf, is as foreign to all our ideas of parliamentary law as that a part should be greater than the whole, is foreign to our ideas of geometry. That the President of the Senate is made so *ex-officio* by the Constitution, gives him no additional power than usual to a presiding officer. He has, in fact, less power (save when also a Senator), than is usual to a presiding officer. He cannot make a motion, introduce a bill, or speak in debate. He can merely apply the rules of the body over which he presides, carry out its commands, and give a casting vote in case of a tie. I dwell on this point, because it shows the utter madness of the programme by which it is proposed to make Mr. Hayes President. The President of the Senate is simply the presiding officer of the Senate, when the two Houses meet together, but the senior presiding officer of the two bodies. He is not like a French King sitting in "bed of justice," the giver of law to an assembly that must register his edicts, but the simple presiding officer of an American representative body, any of whose decisions may be overruled by that body. To suppose that he can carry out any plan of counting votes opposed to the wishes of a majority of those over whom he presides, is to suppose almost a physical impossibility, such as one man surrounding a dozen. To enable the President of the Senate, according to programme, to count in Mr. Hayes "in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives," would require a De Trobriand and a number of flies or bayonets.

And it is to this that we come at last. It is upon the possession of the Executive Department of the Government, and especially upon the control of the army and navy, that the plot to declare Mr. Hayes President of the United States rests in the last analysis! Question any intelligent man who believes that "Mr. Hayes is bound to be President," and you will find that he relies, not upon any theory of the Constitution, but upon the declaration of General Grant, that he proposes to go to Europe *after* Mr. Hayes is inaugurated. The conspirators against the Constitution, who thus dream of forcing Mr. Hayes upon the people whether they will or no, seem to imagine that if they can get an announcement, no matter how unconstitutional and revolutionary, that Mr. Hayes has been elected, it will be an easy matter to have him inaugurated and to put him in possession of the offices and insignia of the Executive department. Upon the bayonets of the regular troops, upon the prejudices of the rank and file of their own party, and the want of organization in the ranks of the opposition; upon the general horror of rushing into another civil war; upon the timidity of capital and the disposition of the moneyed classes to accept any government that exists, they rely to keep him there and to secure the final acquiescence of the people.

Can this plan succeed? I do not believe it possible, and, as an American, would be ashamed to say so, if I did. It is the plan of men who are drunk with power and who, maddened at the idea of power passing from their hands, see even in another civil war with its opportunities for advancement and peculation, an alternative far preferable to retirement to the obscurity of private life. It is the plan of men who, crazed with success, have lost all idea of the great currents of thought and feeling and believe only in audacity. It is the plan of men who through dint of much campaign buncome have actually come to believe that it was the Republican party, and not the people of the North irrespective of party, that crushed the rebellion, and to imagine that a minority can coerce a majority now. It is the plan of men who, because a file of bayonets have sufficed to set up Governments in New Orleans and Columbia against the will of the people, imagine that the same tactics can be repeated with like success in Washington.

What has been successfully done in South Carolina and Louisiana *cannot* be successfully done in the District of Columbia. The people of the South have submitted because, above all things, they dreaded to arouse against them again the war feeling of the North; the people of the North, or at least many of them, have acquiesced because they had not yet got rid of the war feeling, and looked upon what has been done in Louisiana and South Carolina pretty much as the people of New England after the close of the last French and Indian war might have looked upon arbitrary acts of royal governors in the newly acquired provinces of Canada. They have seen these things with the equanimity with which the good Deacon viewed the bull goring his neighbor's ox; but with the first clash of a musket on the marble floor of the national Capitol, they will not merely see; they will feel! The men who imagine this vain thing, mistake the stillness. It is the hush of earnestness, not the silence of consent. For them, if they should be deceived into carrying out the programme, it would prove the calm before the hurricane. We have once already in this generation beheld the power of a great idea. Sixteen years ago, the North was praying for peace above all things. There was the echo of a shot and the fall of a piece of bunting of the actual commercial value of only a few dollars, and, like an electric flash, through all the land ran the fiery cross, and men who a day before had been declaring peace the greatest of human blessings, were grasping arms and hurrying to the front. So it would be again. Strained and broken though it may have been, there is yet a latent power in the Constitution greater than the standing army, and in the shock which its violation by such a *coup d'etat* would cause, the flame of patriotism would shoot up in the hearts of hundreds of thousands as it shot up when the flag fell at Sumter, burning away feelings of mere partisanship as it burnt them away then.

Nor is it safe to count, as is being largely done, upon cool calculations of the cost of war, as insuring non-resistance to the forced inauguration of President Tilden. Lord North counted upon this when, after repealing all the objectionable taxes save the tax on tea, he made special arrangements by which the colonists would get their tea cheaper than ever before. Surely, he thought, the common sense of the colonists would lead them to consent to a tax on tea, which was no tax at all, rather than hazard a conflict with the mother country. Yet his Philadelphia tea ships were turned back before reaching the city, and his Boston peace offering was unloaded into the sea. And what became of the men who ventured to urge in that crisis the conservative view that a majority of the American people are expected to take in this? They were tarred and feathered, subject to hurrying and confiscation, and finally driven out of the country. At the distance of a century, our children learn to detest and despise them under the name of Tories. The fact is, that when smarting under the sense of attempted wrong, people do not calculate, and, as has been often observed, the impulses and actions of men in masses are entirely different from the impulses and actions of separate individuals.

As for any reliance upon the army, that would be the folly of those marked by the gods for destruction. Even supposing that the standing army has become so un-American that it would be found to support a violation of the Constitution, it is only big enough to serve as a red rag to the popular bull. With the country full of veterans, with such men as McClellan, Sherman, Sheridan, Sickles, Sheridan, and many others, in civil life, the standing army could cut no figure in any quarrel of the masses. And such is the ingrained hostility of the people to the interference of military in civil affairs, that the employment of a standing army to force a President upon the country would of itself be an element of fatal weakness. The traditionary hatred of the red-coats of the revolution is to-day worth more than 25,000 men.

What possibilities of dire calamity might be involved in an armed collision no man can say. But among them is not the forcing of Mr. Hayes on the country. The geographical position of New York and Indiana, and the situation of Washington, are enough to show that, without any consideration of the fact that in a true civil war, raging in the streets of great cities and the centers of wealth, what has hitherto been the strength of the Rebublican party would prove its weakness—for the only thing more timorous than one million of dollars is two millions.

I am only discussing possibilities which the threatening attitude of men in position to do mischief make it prudent to discuss. But there is not the slightest necessity for any revolution. The people will peacefully accept any President fairly declared elected, or, if need be, they will peacefully decide the question at the polls. But it is not well to forget that they should be compelled quietly accept a President forced upon them by anything resembling a *coup d'etat*. The decendents of men who wrung the acknowledgment of liberties from a Stewart and a Plantagenet; who brought one Stewart to the headsman's block, and drove another into exile; of men who sundered the dearest ties of blood and interest, and dared the vengeance of the mightiest power of earth rather than abate one jot or tittle of their political rights, are not the people to cravenly submit to the basest outrage. Indeed, and the quicker the men who are dreaming of this realize the fact, the better. The danger is, that in not realizing this, they may go on until fired by the passions of their party, as the passions of the South were enlisted sixteen years ago. Had the South realized that secession necessarily meant war, there would have been no secession.

It is time the nation had rest. There are other things to discuss than whether the man who was counted for the place or the man who was not elected shall be President. There are hungry men and women in our great cities, and little children with gaunt eyes and pinched cheeks. It is time that those whose evil dreams disturb business and depress industry, should wake to the truth. Let the law be acknowledged and the land have peace.

San Francisco, January 8, 1877.

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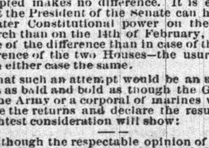

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Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned, Administratrix of the Estate of GEORGE C. JACKSON, deceased, under authority of an Order of sale made by the Probate Court of the County of Yolo and State of California on the 6th day of January, A.D. 1877, will sell at private sale a part or all the real estate belonging to said deceased, on or after (and within six months after) the 26th day of January, A.D. 1877. The said real estate will be offered in two separate tracts or parcels. Offers or bids will be received from bidders for the purchase of said real estate, the offer to specify which tract or parcel is bid for. The tract or parcel No. 1, containing 40 acres, will be first sold, and it will be at the option of the undersigned whether any offer or bid for tract or parcel No. 2 will be closed or reported; and the undersigned reserves the right to reject all bids. Any bid accepted will be accepted subject to approval by the Probate Court aforesaid. All bids must be in writing, signed by the bidder. The bid or offer must be made payable upon approval by the Probate Court, in gold coin.

Description of the Land.

Said land is situated in the County of Yolo, aforesaid, and is the northerly half of fraction in the Southeast quarter of Section No. 10; fraction in the east half of the southwest quarter of Section No. 11; and in the northwest quarter of Section No. 14, township 7 north, range No. 4 east, Monte Diablo base and meridian, being in Survey No. 280 Yolo County, containing eighty-two acres of the tract above described, being the portion conveyed by Charles P. Young to the deceased.

Tract or parcel No. 1 of the above is described as follows:

"Beginning at an iron bound oak stake on the west bank of the Sacramento river opposite Freeport, in the County of Sacramento; running thence north 80° west, along a fence and ditch 44.11 chains; thence north 9° 30' west 9.55 chains; thence south 80° east 29 chains to the Sacramento river; thence south 9° 45' east, along the west bank of said river to the place of beginning, containing forty acres."

Tract or parcel No. 2 is the balance of said real estate.

Offers or bids will be received for the purchase of said land up to and including the TWENTY-SIXTH DAY OF JANUARY, A.D. 1877, and the same may be sent through the Postoffice, addressed to the undersigned, at Freeport, Sacramento County, Cal., or filed with the Clerk of the Probate Court of Yolo County.

TERMS OF SALE: Ten per cent on acceptance of bid; the balance payable on confirmation of the sale by the said Probate Court, when a Deed will be executed to the purchaser and possession given. Purchase money must be gold coin.

ELIZ

The Yolo Democrat.

Thursday, January 18, 1877.

Town and County Matters

Every letter or communication to the DEMOCRAT *should bear the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as a guaranty of good faith.*

IN A NEW VOCATION. — Our old friend Ike Steele, being out of business and ready to turn an honest penny at the first thing that offered, conceived the idea of purchasing a proper rig and catering to the wants of the people in something marketable, hopeing thereby to be able to "fill the mouths and cover the backs" of a numerous progeny dependent upon him. By the way, Isaac has been married only nine years and has thirteen children, and it will at once be seen that there is something of necessity in the case; especially when it is known that Isaac is a very liberal man—one of the kind who never accumulate riches. So we find our old friend selling fish in Woodland from a comfortable sort of wagon attached to two not very fiery steeds. He sells to Catholic and Protestant alike, though for certain reasons, Tuesday and Friday are his particular days for supplying our people. He was *not* arrested for furious driving—that is a mistake if any have obtained such an idea; on the contrary, Isaac remarked in our hearing that he came near having another party arrested for attempting to drive over him because his team could not get out of the way quick enough. But however, Isaac sold out his fish and went home a happy man. Now such a course we admire in any man. If you can't keep a lumber yard any longer—sell fish—anything to earn an honest livelioood for yourself and family. We shall have to reserve another part of Isaac's story for a future issue.

CHANGE OF PASTORATES. — Rev. Father Kaiser, Pastor of the Catholic Church of this place during the last three years, has been transferred to Santa Rosa parish, and left Woodland for his new charge on Monday last. Father Kaiser has worked faithfully and successfully here, and has succeeded in erecting no less than three handsome and creditable church edifices in the county during his comparatively short sojourn. He leaves a sorrowing flock here, and his departure is the cause of regret to very many of our citizens not of his particular church. We trust Father Kaiser will find his new field of labor a less arduous one and that he will find friends as warm and true as he leaves in Woodland.

Rev. Father James Largan succeeds Father Kaiser in this parish. He has during the last eight years been pastor of St. John's Church in San Francisco, and for the ten years preceeding had charge of the Church at Placerville. Father Largan is a preacher of great experience and stands deservedly high as a minister among his people and with the high dignitaries of the Church.

DEAD BODY.—Last Thursday morning the body of a man was found in the tules two miles south of the railroad, opposite Swingle's. Coroner Krellenberg was called and held an inquest, but nothing could be learned as to his identity. The body bore the appearance of having been exposed for several days. The deceased's hair was dark, clothing good, and the boots fine and different from what a person would wear while hunting. The indications were that the man had been shot in the back of the head, the ball coming out at the top, which is quite conclusive that it was not a case of suicide. The body has not been identified, and no person has been reported missing from Davisville or vicinity. There were no valuables about the person, nor any papers, etc., by which his identity could be established.

BURGLARY.—Sunday night last our office door was forced open by some person, who entered and broke the only lock in the office, and rummaged drawers, etc., doubtless looking for money; but the search proved a vain delusion—another night prove a snare. Whoever the foolish individual was, he had the decency not to seriously disturb anything he did not want. We have not missed anything.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH — Rev. Joseph Lanman, acting Pastor. Services at 11 A.M. and 6½ P.M. Subject in the morning—"The Invisible God made Visible by Jesus Christ." In the evening—"A Story of Salvation." All are cordially invited. Seats free.

A NEW HISTORY.—The first volume of William Cullen Bryant's History of the United States is out and canvassers are now in the field for subscribers. It will be issued in four large volumes, well bound, beautifully printed and illustrated.

FOR SALE.—Mr. J. Gum offers his ranch of 160 acres, situated five miles south of Woodland Railroad depot, for sale. It is first-class land, with good buildings, orchard, vineyard, living water for stock and sufficient timber for use.

THE RACE. — The running race which took place on Saturday last over the Woodland track between "Weasel," "Betsy," "Black Mollie" and "Fannie Barnes," was won by "Weasel" in two straight heats.

ICICLES.—Several nights lately icicles have formed from the drip of outdoor hydrants fully an inch in diameter. While this was so, surface ice would not exceed one-fourth of an inch in thickness.

PETERS' MUSICAL PUBLICATIONS.—We call the attention of our musical friends to the following magazines: "Peters' Household Melodies," containing five or six beautiful songs and choruses; "Peters' Parlor Music," containing several easy piano pieces; "La Crême De La Crême," a collection of difficult piano music by the best European authors; "Peters' Organ Selections," for Reed or Pipe organ; "Peters' Sacred Selections," containing Hymns, Anthems, etc., and "Peters' Octavo Choruses," containing four choice choruses for singing societies. These magazines are published at the uniform price of $2 per annum, postpaid, and we have no hesitation in saying that they are unequaled in quality, cheapness and eleganee. Give your news dealer 25 cents, and tell him to order a sample copy, or send direct to the publisher, J. L. Peters, 843 Broadway, New York.

COLUSA.—According to the *Sun* of Jan. 6th, the amount of revenue collected in the town of Colusa since June 5th, 1876, is $7,283.44. There are five months still remaining to fill out the fiscal year, in which the probability is that the licenses, etc., yet to be collected, will swell the revenue for the year to nearly $10,000. In comparison with this showing, Woodland, with a population at least one-third greater than Colusa will have a total revenue for the year not exceeding $5,000. This shows that Woodland is much more economically managed than our sister town; and may it not be that the rein is drawn a little too tightly, so as not to allow of needed improvements?

THE BOGARDUS SHOOTING MATCH. This match of the champion pigeon shooter of the world came off on Saturday last at the Woodland Racecourse, in the presence of a large crowd of spectators. The day was bad, as a strong nogh wind was blowing, but the shooting was nevertheless excellent. Following is the score—50 birds—time 8½ minutes: 1 0, 1.1, 1,0, 1.1, 1 0, 1.0, 1 1, 1.1, 1.1. 1 0, 1.1, 1.1, 1.1, 0 1, 1.1, 1.0, 0.1, 1.1, 1.1, 0.1, 1.0, 1.1, 1.1, 1.0, 1.1.

Score for Balls—Number, 50; Time, 5½ minutes: 1.1, 1.1, 1.1, 1.1, 1.1, 1.1, 1.1, 1 1, 1 1, 1.1, 1.1, 1.1, 1.1, 1.1, 1 1, 1.1, 1.0, 1.1, 1 1, 0.1, 1.1, 1.1, 0.1, 1.1, 1.1.

INCORPORATION.—"The Pacific Trip Hammer Brick Company" has filed articles of incorporation in Contra Costa County, as we learn from the *Gazette* of the 13th, to manufacture brick at Somersville, in that county. Its capital stock is $50,000, divided in shares of $100 each. The Directors are L. F. Croft, T. R. Porter, R. H. Newton, D. Schindler and D. M. Burns, all Woodland men, and the principal place of business San Francisco.

INSTALLATION.—Yolo Encampment, No. 55, Champions of the Red Cross, installed the following officers for the ensuing term on the 15th instant: Com, F. A. Pedler; J. Com. Retta J. Burton; Rec. Sec., Eugene Redden; Fin. Sec., Nevada Allison; Treasurer, Fannie Pearson; I G., J. G. Allison; O. G., John A. Redden; C. of H., T. H. Burton. E. REDDEN, Rec. Sec'y.

NEW MUSICAL TROUPE.—Jones' Ladies' Pacific Band Orchestra and California Concert Troupe, of this place is preparing to start out on a concerting tour as soon as the weather becomes settled. The company contains an unusual amount of musical talent, and will no doubt do a good business.

NORMAL SCHOOL.—The attendance at the San José Normal School is about 500, a greater number than ever before. A large number of new students will be admitted next week.

MURDER TRIAL — The case of The People vs. Baird, the Washington railroad bridge murder case, is on trial in our District Court.

In Memoriam.

In the death of Mr. George Hebron, at San Francisco, on Friday last, Woodland has lost one of her best citizens. The funeral services, held at the Congregational Church on Sunday morning, were largely attended. Except for men in public life, such an expression of respect is rarely seen. Mr. Hebron is one of the oldest settlers of Yolo County, and has seen the growth of our busy and prosperous village from its beginning. Nearly one-third of his life was passed in England, where he was born; one-third in Michigan, and the remaining third in California. He has enjoyed great prosperity and accumulated a large property. A few weeks ago he was summoned to San Francisco to serve as U. S. Court Juror. Last Wednesday week he left the Court-room in a chill and was quickly prostrated by pneumonia in a very severe form. Although away from home, he was attended by his wife, and when the symptoms became alarming his children, Dr. and Mrs. Merritt, hastened to his bed-side. But all that faithful care and the best medical skill could do was unavailing. Mr. Hebron was an industrious, honest and kind-hearted man, worthy of sincere respect and unreserved confidence. He will be sadly missed, most of all in the home where he was so much beloved, and which he held so dear, but also in business circles and in the Congregational Society, of which he has been a friend from its organization. L.

Strange, but True.

Your Cough is killing you! Is your life worth 25 cents? If so, use "Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer," the great eradicator of all Lung Diseases. It is superior to all other remedies yet discovered for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Price 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00. Call on E. BYNUM & Co., Agents, Woodland, Cal., and obtain a bottle. If relief is not afforded, money refunded. Two doses will relieve the most severe case. A sure, speedy, and perfectly safe remedy, proved by trial to excel any other in the world. Remember it is warranted. Compounded by the Dr. Seth Arnold Medical Corporation, Woonsocket, R. I.

WORTHY OF NOTE.—An exchange says there is scarcely a day passes that we do not hear either from persons coming into our office or in some other way, of the success of "Johnson's Anodyne Liniment" in the cure of coughs and colds, so prevalent about town just now.

IF WE can benefit the readers of THE YOLO DEMOCRAT any by recommending "Parson's Purgative Pills" to be the best anti-bilious medicine in the country, we are willing to do so. We have had about as good a chance to know as any one else.

MIND, MATTER, MONEY, BEAUTY.—Webster's Quarto Dictionary, as now published, has cost more intellectual labor, more money in its "getting up," and contains more matter, and a larger number of beautiful engravings, (3000 or more, with four pages of colored plates,) than any single volume ever before published for popular use in this or any other country. It is largely the standard in England as well as in this country. Bell & Dadly, the publishers of Bohn's libraries, are the London publishers of this magnificent volume.

WELCOME RAIN.—After two months of drouth in mid-winter, and when most men had made up their minds that we were going to have a dry season and a consequent failure of crops, it yesterday commenced raining in earnest—just in time to save the crops, which are still in most cases looking well—and up to nine o'clock this morning, according to Dr. Parramore's rain-guage, .70 of an inch had fallen and still raining steadily. Let us all be thankful for this great blessing.

COAL GAS.—The Woodland Gas Company is now furnishing coal gas—a great improvement on that made heretofore from petroleum. It gives a much brighter and clearer light. The comparative expense to consumers has not yet been ascertained.

REFORM WORKING.—The House Appropriation Committee proposes a reduction of 10 per cent. in the salaries of all civil officers throughout the country.

Bank of Woodland.

Statement of the condition of the Bank of Woodland, January 8th, 1877:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$363,980 71
County Warrants	21,800 11
Real Estate—Yolo County, $23,132 91	
" Solano Co..... 1,300 00	24,432 91
Furniture and Fixtures	887 00
Expense, including Bank Taxes	6,952 45
Taxes, Costs, etc. advanced	1,073 40
Due from Banks	129,624 36
Cash and Remittances on hand	195,870 46
Accumulated Interest	57,9 0 00
	$773,610 40

LIABILITIES.

Cap'l Stock paid up	$400,000 00
Surplus Funds	22,705 54
Individual Deposits	329,487 95
Due Banks	54 18
Interest due Stockholders	17,051 74
Exchanges	3,303 63
Rents	761 75
Profit and Loss	243 61
	$773,610 40

J. D. STEPHENS President, and C. W. BUSH Cashier, of the Bank of Woodland, having been duly sworn, each for himself, says that the above statement is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

(Signed) J. D. STEPHENS,
C. W. BUSH.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of January, A.D. 1877.

(Signed) C. S. FROST, Notary Public.

A New Book.

The following is the title page of a new book:

"The Centennial Exposition, described and illustrated, being a concise and graphic description of this grand enterprise commemorative of the first centennary of American independence, including the History of the Centennial from inception to final closing ceremonies, description of the principal buildings, foreign pavilions, booths and state buildings, with their interesting display, exhibits of resources and products of the nations of the world, the most ingenious devices of Machinery Hall, women's work in Woman's Pavilion, mineralogical, archæological and geological collections from all States of the Union, the wonders of the Swiss watch department, the Centennial live stock exhibition, memorial parades and anniversaries of various orders, great State days, awards to exhibitors—foreign and American—and numerous other subjects showing the magnitude and character of the New World's Fair, and illustrating the best achievements of human genius, in lustry and skill from all lands and peoples. The whole profusely illustrated. Prepared with great care from official sources and material gathered on the ground. By J. S. Ingram. A. Roman & Co., Publishers, 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

James Johnson, Agent for the County of Yolo.

We Can't Talk

Without showing the condition of our teeth. Every laugh exposes them. In order not to be ashamed of them let us use that standard dentrifrice, SOZODONT, which is sure to keep them white and spotless. Nor can an encrust them, no canker effect the enamel, no species of decay intest the dental bone, if SOZODONT is regularly used. It is a botanical preparation, and its beneficial effects on the teeth and gums are marvelous, and it removes all discolorations, and renders the gums hard and rosy.

From Rev. Sylvanus Cobb, of Boston, formerly Editor of the "Christian Freeman."

Dear Sir.—It may be some satisfaction to you to be informed of the result of the trial of the PERUVIAN SYRUP in my family. My daughter was brought low by a typhoid fever last Spring, and after the fever left her she continued very weak, and the simplest food distressed her. For months she remained in the same debilitated condition; but from the 1st of September last, when she commenced taking the Syrup, the digestive functions improved, and she steadily gained strength and vivacity; and now, after taking two bottles, she is restored to a good state of health; indeed, she appears more really healthy than she has for several years past. I am of the opinion that the "Protoxide of Iron" contained in the PERUVIAN SYRUP was adapted to her case, and effected what no other known medicine could have effected.

Yours truly, S. COBB.

Sold by all druggists.

A Drowning Man will Catch at a Straw.

If he catch it, it will do him no good. Thousands of people, who have neglected colds and coughs until they have become dangerous, will rush to almost every nostrum for relief. This is why so many experiments are tried by the sufferers. Go to your druggist, buy a bottle of WISTARD'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, and use it with confidence. It will benefit at once and ultimately cure. It is no straw; it is a cable well tried; hold on to it and be saved. Sold by all druggists.

THE NATIONAL GOLD MEDAL was awarded to Bradley & Rulofson for the best Photographs in the United States, and the Vienna Medal for the best in the world. 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

MARRIED.

In Woodland, Jan. 11th, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. Joseph Lanman, Robert B. Mosby and Miss Addie C. Winchell.

The bride and groom have our best wishes for the realization of their fondest hopes. May theirs be indeed a happy wedded life, and as long as shall be desirable. Compliments acknowledged.

January 2d, at their residence, one mile east of Davisville, by Most Rev. Archbishop Alemany, Mr. P. S. Chiles and Mrs. Bridget Chiles.

We have not the good fortune to be acquainted with the bride, but the groom we know to be one of the best men of our county, owning one of its best ranches. We wish them continued health, prosperity and happiness.

In Woodland, Jan. 16th, by Elder J. N. Pendegast, Joseph N. Baird of Cacheville, and Miss Marcia Clark of Woodland.

DIED.

In San Francisco, Jan. 12th, 1877, George Hebron, aged 60 years and 12 days.

In Yolo County Hospital, Jan. 15th, Joseph Prather, aged 61 years—a native of Pennsylvania.

☞ San Francisco and Sacramento papers please copy.

Seven miles west of Woodland, Jan. 13th, J. P. Holmes, aged 49 years 5 months and 13 days.

☞ Sacramento and Placerville papers please copy.

A BREAK IN THE SENATE.—The Washington special correspondent of the New York *Herald* reports a break in the Radical line in the Senate. He adds: "There may even be a footrace when the break does come. Shrewd observers remark that except Morton and Sherman, no Republican Senator now asserts that Hayes is elected. Some of the men who signed Sherman's Louisiana Report are getting ashamed of it."

GOOD IDEA.—The plan of laying out and embellishing Telegraph Hill for a public park, now being prosecuted quite vigorously, will give this prominent topographical feature of our Pacific coast metropolis a crown of beauty that will be enjoyed by all who come and go in the harbor."

"COMMERCIAL ADVOCATE" is the name of a new weekly paper published in San Francisco by Burnham, Morgan & Co.; price $3 a year.

NOTICE
To the Public

SPECIAL NOTICE.—By order of the properly constituted authorities, we are authorized to sell the Stock formerly belonging to

LEVY & OSER,

Between Nickelsburg's and the White House,

Main Street, Woodland,

—CONSISTING OF—

Dry Goods!

CLOTHING!

Boots & Shoes,

HATS AND CAPS,

UNDERWEAR,

NOTIONS,

TRUNKS, VALISES, ETC.

We will sell at Private Sale until

FRIDAY, JAN. 5th, 1877,

AT ELEVEN A.M.,

At which time we will commence to sell by

AUCTION!

And continue until further notice

☞ This is a first-class opportunity to get

BIG BARGAINS!

AS THE GOODS MUST BE SOLD

Within Thirty Days!

GOSLINER & CO.

A. G. READ, Auctioneer. ja4-1m

E. BYNUM & CO.,

IMPORTING DRUGGISTS,

Having just received a

LARGE LOT OF GOODS FROM NEW YORK,

OFFER FOR SALE:

Lubin's Extracts, at 90 cents per bottle.
Murray & Lanman's Florida Water, 90 cents per bottle.
Dickey's Creme de Lis, 60 cents per bottle.
Burnett's Cocoaine, 75 cents per bottle.
Ring's Ambrosia, 75 cents per bottle.
Hall's Hair Renewer, 75 cents per bottle.

ALSO, A COMPLETE STOCK OF

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

MEDICINES,

And Everything to be found in a First-Class Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED NIGHT OR DAY by careful and competent Druggists. de28

New Grocery Store.

Having opened a new Grocery Store in DIETZ' BUILDING,

NEXT DOOR TO BENTLEY & SIMPSON'S,

Woodland, I am prepared to supply the public with all kinds of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES, FRUITS, BUTTER AND EGGS,

And Everything a Family needs in that line.

Also, Tobacco and Cigars, Candies, Nuts, Etc.

oct2 3m **GEORGE FINSTERER.**

AB. BROWNELL. R. B. STEWART.

STEWART & BROWNELL,

CHOICE WINES, ETC.,

213 Montgomery st., Russ House,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Will be pleased to see any of our friends from Yolo when they visit the city. de21-6m

MR. A. ALEXANDER, White House, Woodland.

Dear Sir,

Your offer of 42 1-2 cts per dollar on the stock of Mdse in liquidation, amounting as per invoice to $19,416 50, has been accepted.

Yours very respectfully,
J. S. MOGER,
Sec'y S. Francisco Commercial Combination.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

In accordance with the above transaction, I hereby notify the Public that from the 20th day of December, 1876, I will commence to sell the above mentioned Stock, which I have purchased at 42 1-2 cts on the dollar, for 50 cts. or one-half of its actual cost, and will continue to sell said invoice until completely disposed of. Any one wishing to examine this immense assortment of Merchandise, the largest ever exhibited in this city, is cordially invited to satisfy himself.

Country Merchants who wish to purchase wholesale can be accommodated. The prices will be alike to all.

This entire invoice will have to be sold quickly to make room for our Spring importation. This invoice consists of

Carpets, Fancy Dress and Dry Goods,

AND A VERY

CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING!

All of which will be sold for 50 per cent. less than its actual first cost, at

A. ALEXANDER'S WHITE HOUSE, Woodland.

This, with the excellent assortment of our regular goods constantly on hand makes it the best place in this town and vicinity to purchase.

Yours very respectfully,
A. ALEXANDER, White House, Woodland.

de21

Established 1856!

Pioneer Store!

Time and Money Saved by Buying Goods of

F. S. FREEMAN & CO.,

WOODLAND AND CAPAY,

—WHO—

Buy and Sell Everything!

CALL AND SEE!

ja11-3m

STOP THAT COUGHING!

TAKE

HOYT'S COUGH SYRUP!

THE STANDARD REMEDY FOR

Coughs, Colds,

CROUP,

Whooping Cough, Asthma,

BRONCHITIS,

CONSUMPTION

—AND—

All Diseases of the Throat and Lungs!

HOYT'S AGUE TONIC!

Effectually eradicates malarial poison from the system, restores strength, invigorates the body, stimulates the sluggish liver to healthy secretion, enriches the impoverished blood, and restores the lost appetite.

Hoyt's Pile Salve!

A certain cure for Piles, Chapped Hands, Tetter, Scald Head, Scrofulous, Fistulous and all other Ulcers.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Prepared only by the Proprietor,

H. M. HOYT, Knights Landing,

no2-3m YOLO COUNTY, CAL

KING,

Photographer,

OVER PORTER & CO.S,

WOODLAND.

None but First-Class Work Allowed to Leave this Gallery.

COME AND SEE US!

de21-3m

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.

Having placed my accounts in the hands of **W. H. LUDDEN** for collection, all persons indebted to me will please call on him and settle their accounts.

Jan. 3d, 1877. GEO. H. JACKSON, M.D.
ja4-2w

SETTLE UP.

I desire, through the DEMOCRAT, to request all who are indebted to me, to pay up at once; I must settle up my business without delay. CAPT. COOK.

WETAND'S CORNERS, Jan. 5th, 1876. ja11-1m

CENTENNIAL

Railroad Store!

HUSTON BROS.

Have just opened a BRANCH STORE at

BLACKVILLE,

And are now ready to supply Customers with everything in the line of

Farmers' Supplies.

—SUCH AS—

Dry Goods, Groceries,
Hardware, Queensware,
Farming Implements,
Grain Bags, Etc.

EXTRAS FOR MACHINERY

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Give us a Call. **HUSTON BROS.**

de7-3m

New Industry in Woodland

PATENT SPRING BED FACTORY!

It being a conceded fact that the human family spend at least one-third of their time in bed, it is of the most vital importance that they should use

THE BEST BEDS!

We having been engaged in the manufacture of PATANT SPRING BEDS over three years, and satisfied of the subject in all its bearings, we flatter ourselves that in placing the

CALIFORNIA FAVORITE SPRING BED,

Before the public it will meet the favor it so richly deserves. For elasticity, durability, health and cleanliness, it has no equal. It contains

FORTY-FIVE STEEL SPIRAL SPRINGS!

With hook and leather connections to a strong double acting frame with Steel End Supporters, thus making a soft, noiseless Spring-edged Bed.

Being made of the Best Material, and the price within the reach of all, it is destined to become the leading Spring Bed on this Coast.

PATENTED, OCTOBER 17, 1876.

☞ Old Style Spring Beds worked over on this new principle and made better than ever at the lowest possible rates.

N.B.—State and County Rights for sale all over the United States.

GRUWELL & NEWHOUSE,

Manufacturers and Patentees,

UNDER WASHINGTON HALL

WOODLAND, CAL. no9

The General Land Agency OF CALIFORNIA,

Incorporated April, 1876. Capital Stock, $1,000,000

40b CALIFORNIA STREET, S. F.

Receives and Sells, EXCLUSIVELY upon commission, Farms and other Real Estate of all descriptions; negotiates Loans; has a trustworthy Agent at the County Seat of each County; and active Agents in the Eastern States, the Canadas and Europe, to promote emigration and secure purchasers for lands consigned to it for sale.

Chas. Vincent, President; J. S. Wall, Vice-President; Harvey Darnell, Secretary; J. M. Hixson, Treasurer; J. N. Prather, Traveling Agent.

J. D. LAWSON, - Woodland,

AGENT FOR YOLO COUNTY.

no30-3m

REMINGTON SEWING MACHINES,

The Best in use,

C. SHAWL, AGENT,

WOODLAND, CAL,

Office at Mrs. Porter's Millinery Store.

NOTICE.

THE I X L Cash Store

Has been opened in College Block, Woodland,

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF

Dry Goods!

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS, ETC.

—ALSO—

ALL KINDS OF

FANCY GOODS

—FOR—

Christmas!

☞ Goods sold for Cash only, and of course cheaper than they could be sold on credit.

de14-3m D. LEVY.

YO O COUNTY Rea Estate Headquarters,

POSTOFFICE BUILDING, WOODLAND.

Facilities for securing customers for lands unequalled.

No *pains* or expense have been spared to bring the rich agricultural lands of Yolo County to the notice of Eastern buyers and parties living in other portions of the State.

Those having lands or improved farms to sell will do well to call at once, as this is the time of year to sell.

CHARGES REASONABLE.

No expense to customers for advertising.

The Sales during the past two years exceed those of any Country Real Estate Office in the State.

TOWN OF WOODLAND PROPERTY

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

RENTS COLLECTED.

☞ Money Loaned on Good Security. Safe Investments found at Fair Rates of Interest

CONVEYANCING.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

PROPERTY INSURED

—AT THE—

LOWEST RATES,

CONSISTENT WITH SAFETY, IN THE BEST COMPANIES.

☞ Call and see for yourselves if these things are not so.

WOODLAND, October 25th, 1876. oc26-3m

A Chance for a Bargain!

The undersigned, wishing to quit business on account of ill health, offers his

GROCERY STORE,

Cor. Main and Third Streets,

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

Will sell the goods and rent the property, or will sell the property and goods to suit the purchaser. J. I. EATON.

☞ All parties indebted to me by note or account are requested to come forward and settle up, as I must have money.

ja11-1m J. I. EATON.

DEPOT SALOON AND BOARDING HOUSE!

C. COULTER, - - Proprietor.

I keep the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars in this market, and respectfully invite all my old friends and the public to come and see me.

SALOON, COR. SIXT AND MAIN STREETS,

no2-3m WOODLAND.

PICTURES, BOOKS, SHEET MUSIC, Musical Instruments, Etc., at ET. LAUER'S VARIETY STORE, Main Street, Woodland.

The Yolo Democrat.

Thursday, January 18, 1877.

The Drought—A Prayer for Rain

BY FRANK SOULE.

God give us rain! To Thee our hearts are crying!
This supplication breathes in mournful words
To Thee! the earth in drought and ruin lying,
From dust and blight pleads for the starving herds
The feeble pulses of the springs are dying;
In thirst and doubt, and dread, men, beasts and herds
Are uttering one common prayer for "rain!"
God of the tempests! shall they plead in vain?

The blast of Autumn browns the brow of Spring,
The freshest leaf is turning crisp and sere,
No succulence the withered pastures bring,
No moisture bears the arid atmosphere;
Around the mountain tops no vapors cling,
No misty morn, no dewey eve is here;
To Thee the pleading plaint from hill and plain
Cries through the parching air, "God give us rain!"

The weary oxen on the dry roads languish;
The poor dumb ass that on the thistle feeds,
Finds even that athirst, and hunts in anguish
A scanty fare amid the dying weeds;
The scorching winds all vegetation vanquish;
The smitten life of nature pants and bleeds;
Branch, leaf and blossom, grasses, fruit and grain,
Through brown decadence plead with Thee for rain.

From out the North the parching wind is breathing—
Oh! furnace-dry its hot and parching air;
Earth turned to dust, shrub, tree and hill is wreathing,
And floats in stranging nimbus everywhere.
Lakes turn to pools beneath the sunlight seething,
And streams have dried, before his cloudless glare;
The stifling air threats pestilence and pain,
As struggling life cries gaspingly for rain.

O, but to hear its silvery missiles telling
Their mercy-message to the thirsty roof;
Along each duct the tiny currents welling,
The dripping eaves to doubt a strong reproof;
To see the rivulets to rivers swelling,
In thirsty beast and bird and man's behoof;
Oh! but to listen, and to hear again
God's revelation in the falling rain!

God, give us rain! and from her sleep upspringing,
Sweet smiles of flowers will deck earth's shrivelled face,
The liquid pearls delight and solace bringing,
To cheer the land and bless the human race;
From wood and wold joy's anthem will be ringing,
And grateful praises answer to Thy Grace;
And Nature, dumb and weary, wake again,
And all her tongues hymn pæans for the rain.

General News Items.

Governor Tilden received the largest popular vote ever cast for a Presidential candidate in the United States.

The Chicago *Times* says that tens of thousands of dollars were sent to Morton for his "use in the recent California campaign."

The United States soldiers in New Orleans cheered the Nicholls militia, as the latter passed the New Orleans Custom House.

The jury in the Fitzerald-Klose libel suit, on trial in San Francisco, brought a verdict for Dr. Fitzgerald for $1,000 damages.

Some one aptly says that when a man "takes in his sign," it is an indi-that he has closed business. Ceasing to advertise is taking in one's sign.

The Legislature of New Jersey has organized by electing R. F. Rabe, Democrat, Speaker, and J. G. Foster, Radical, Clerk. Four Radicals voted with the Democrats.

The House Committees in the South sit with open doors, while the Radical Senate Committees hold only secret sessions. The latter fear the light, while the former court open, fair investigation.

The New York *Times* has a dispatch from Harrisburg, Penn., stating that the Radical caucus requested the Gov. to place the State militia on a war footing, in view of the difficulties in the South.

Governor Hampton of South Carolina has appointed special agents for twenty-two counties to collect ten per cent of last year's tax levy. Appointments for the remaining ten counties will be made in a few days.

The Rev. Stuart Robinson sued the St. Louis *Democrat* for libel, and the defendents confessed judgment for $30-000 and to pay all costs, including plaintiff's attorney's fees. The complaint asked for $50,000 damages.

The staid old organ, the New York *Observer*, says that "under the circumstances of evident fraud in the Southern Returning Boards, Gov. Hayes should not, as an honorable man, accept the Presidency on such a count."

They have been bull-dozing in Canada. A formidable election riot took place at Gloucester, Jan. 1st. Why don't Grant send troops over there? Such a step would be just as legal as to quarter them in Virginia, or South Carolina, or Louisiana without Constitutional warrant.

It is reported that the compromi-e Electoral Committee has reached an agreement that no Electoral vote shall be rejected without the mutual consent of both Houses, and that a majority of the whole number of electors composing the Electoral College is necessary to elect a President.

There is no need, in this emergency, for arms and ammunition. There is a power more potent than the sword; it is the voice of millions of free men declaring that the frauds and tricks of a dozen corrupt and ambitious men shall not destroy and reverse the result of a legal, fair and honest election.

It is a fact worth thinking about that Africa is three times as densely populated as America. The estimated number of inhabitants in Africa on about eleven and a half square miles of territory is more than twice that in America on about fifteen and a half square miles. In America the average is 5½ people to the square mile, in Africa, 17½.

The two leading Republican papers of Florida say that if the Tild n Electors are not chosen, Drew is not; and since they concede that Drew is, they claim that Hayes cannot, without being a participant in a fraud, avail himself of the "Returning Board's" illegal action. General Francis C. Barlow acknowledged that Tilden had a clear majority in Florida, and one of the three members of the Board—the Attorney-General—has so certified.

HOW TO HAVE RAIN.—A correspondent of the Housekeeper Department of the *Record-Union* says: "It is strange that in this season of drought, no one seems to remember the shower we had last summer and its alleged cause. If the discharge of cannon, guns, etc., could produce a heavy shower of rain then, why not now? In July we cannonaded for glory; let us now do the same for our crops." Not a bad idea, by any means. The phenomena of rains after cannonades is well known. If every section of the State on a given day shall pull out the cannon and begin the bombardment of the atmosphere simultaneously, the occurrence of last July will doubtless be repeated with even greater success, for then the atmosphere was dry, now it is laden with moisture.

Centaur Liniments!

The Quickest, Surest and Cheapest Remedies.

Physicians recommend, and Farriers declare that no such remedies have ever before been in use. Words are cheap, but the proprietors of these articles will present trial bottles to medical men, gratis, and will guarantee more rapid and satisfactory results than have ever before been obtained.

The Centaur Liniment, White Wrapper, will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Caked Breasts, Sore Nipples, Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Swellings, Sprains, and any ordinary

FLESH, BONE OR MUSCLE AILMENT.

It will extract the poison of bites and stings, and heal burns or scalds without a scar. Lock-jaw, Palsy, Weak Back, Caked Breasts, Earache, Toothache, Itch and Cutaneous Eruptions readily yield to its treatment.

Henry Black, of Ada, Hardin Co., Ohio, says: "My wife has had rheumatism for five years—no rest, no sleep—could scarcely walk across the floor. She is now completely cured by the use of Centaur Liniment. We all feel thankful to you, and recommend your wonderful medicine to all our friends."

James Hurd, of Zanesville, O., says: "The Centur Liniment cured my neuralgia."

Alfred Tush, of Newark, writes: "Send me one dozen bottles by express. The Liniment has saved my leg. I want to distribute it, etc."

The sale of this Liniment is increasing rapidly.

The Centaur Liniment, Yellow Wrapper, is for the tough skin, flesh and muscles of

HORSES, MULES AND ANIMALS.

We have never yet seen a case of Spavin, Sweeny, Ring-bone, Wind-gall, Scratches or Poll-Evil, which this Liniment would not speedily benefit, and we never saw but a few cases which it would not cure. It will cure when anything can. It is folly to spend $20 for a Farrier, when one dollar's worth of Centaur Liniment will do better. The following is a sample of the testimony produced:

"JEFFERSON, Mo., Nov. 10, 1873.

"Some time ago I was shipping horses to St. Louis. I got one badly crippled in the car. With great difficulty I got him to the stable, on Fourth Avenue. The stable-keeper gave me a bottle of your Centaur Liniment, which I used with such success that in two days the horse was active and nearly well. I have been a veterinary surgeon for thirty years, but your liniment heads anything I ever used.

"A. J. M'CARTY, Veterinary Surgeon."

For a postage stamp we will mail a Centaur Almanac, containing hundreds of certificates, from every State in the Union. These Liniments are now sold by all dealers in the country.

Laboratory of J. B. ROSE & Co.,
46 DEY STREET, NEW YORK.

Mothers.

Castoria is the result of 20 years' experiments, by Dr. Samuel Pitcher, of Massachusetts. It is a vegetable preparation as effective as Castor Oil, but perfectly pleasant to the taste. It can be taken by the youngest infant, and neither gags nor gripes. Dr. A. J. Green, of Royston, Ind., says of it:

SIR:—I have tried the Castoria and can speak highly of its merits. It will, I think, do away entirely with Castor Oil; it is pleasant and harmless, and is wonderfully efficacious as an aperient and laxative. *It is the very thing.*

The Castoria destroys worms, regulates the Stomach, cures Wind Colic, and permits of natural healthy sleep. It is very efficacious in Croup, and for Teething Children. Honey is not pleasanter to the taste, and Castor Oil is not so certain in its effects. It costs but 35 cents, in large bottles.

J. B. ROSE & Co., 46 Dey St., New York.
oc5-jy27-2

H. WACHHORST,

IMPORTING WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

79 J street, Sacramento,
BET. THIRD AND FOURTH,
Invites attention to his

Magnificent Stock of Genuine terling Silverware.

Ornamented and for the Table—925 fine, warranted to retain its beautiful whiteness and not change to a greyish shade like coin quality of Silver Forks and Spoons.

JEWELRY. My selection is one of the rarest and most valuable in the State, in Diamond Sets, Stone Cameo, Amethyst, Coral and Solid Gold Sets.

RINGS. An endless variety of every description, from Plain Solid Gold to the most elegant Diamond Settings.

CHAINS. Opera, Neck Opera Guard, Chatelaine, and Vest Chains, all the new elegant patterns.

SUNDRIES. Lockets, Charms, Seals, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Collar Buttons, Gents' Gold Headed Walking Canes, etc.

WATCHES. Chronometers, Chronographs, (quarter and one-fifth second) for timing horses, fine English and Swiss watches, American watches from the best manufactories, which I will forward to any part of the country at factory prices.

CLOCKS. From the plainest to the finest French Pendules.

DEALERS In these articles from the interior will be allowed a liberal discount.

Orders Promptly Filled.

Chronometers, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by the best workmen and warranted.

My customers enjoy this advantage, I purchase my goods for cash from the factories and sell cheaper than any other dealer here.

Remember the Sign of the Town Clock.

79 J street, between 3d and 4th.
ja11-3m

A. D. PORTER

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCER

—AND—

Dealer in Produce Generally.

MAIN ST., WOODLAND.
ja4-3m

To the Ladies of Woodland and Vicinity.

Rag Carpet Manufactory.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he has just established himself in Woodland, and is prepared to weave Rag Carpets for all who want them.

PRICES.

Fancy patterns, per yard.....50 cts.
Patterns with white warp, per yard.....45 cts.
Plain patterns, per yard.....40 cts.

For Sale at Nicklesburg Bros'.

Orders left at Porter's store will be promptly attended to.
oc20-3m THOMAS McCANNA.

OTTO HANSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

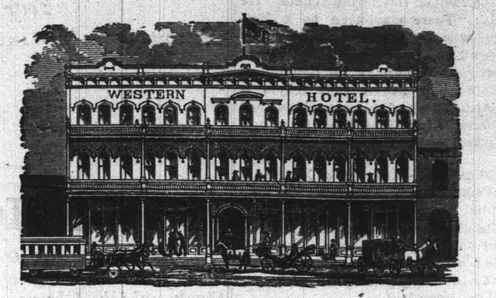
106 J Street, above Fourth,

SACRAMENTO.

THE FINEST AND LATEST STYLES OF Cloths on hand. Cutting and all work done by first-class workmen. de21-3m

WESTERN HOTEL,

SACRAMENTO.



THIS NOW COMMODIOUS AND ELEGANT HOTEL—THE MOST ROOMY AND imposing in the city—was rebuilt remodeled and improved throughout in the Summer of 1875, under the direction of WM. LAND, the present proprietor, who placed in it all the improved modern conveniences, and furnished it so complete that none in the city CAN EQUAL IT. It has a frontage on K street of 120 feet, extending back 160 feet, and is three stories high in addition to the Basement, which is used for the Laundry, Boilers, Steamer, Storerooms, Bakery etc. The Hotel HAS A COMMODIOUS OFFICE AND READING ROOM, and contains an ELEVATOR by which guests may ascend and descend to and from the upper stories. ITS FACILITIES FOR ESCAPE FROM FIRE ARE COMPLETE, there being FIVE means of escape from the upper stories of the building—by the rear as well as the front. It has **185** SLEEPING ROOMS, all well lighted and ventilated, there being but 7 dark rooms in the house, and these are connected with Parlors. The Spacious Dining Room will accommodate **250** people at one time.

The Western Hotel gives the best Meal for 25 cents to be had anywhere.

☞ It is convenient to routes of travel, being only one block from the Railroad Depot and Steamboat Landing.

BOARD AND LODGING, $1 TO $1.50 PER DAY. MEALS, 25 CENTS.

FREE COACH TO THE HOTEL. Exchange Office, Bath Rooms, Barber Shop and Laundry in the House. ☞ Shower Baths FREE to Guests.

no23 **WM. LAND, Proprietor.**

YOLO PLAINING MILL

—AND—

Machine Shop,

BYRON JACKSON, Prop'r,

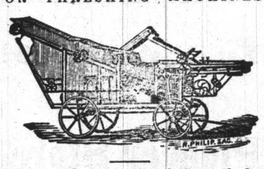
—AND—

MANUFACTURER OF ELEVATORS

—AND—

SELF-FEEDERS

FOR THRESHING MACHINES!



Horse-Forks and Derricks

For Threshing or Stacking Hay or Grain.

Will Make or Repair All Kinds of Agricultural Implements!

BLACKSMITHING

AND MACHINISTS' WORK

Done by Skilled Mechanics at Short Notice!

Threshers or Engines Repaired at the Shop or in the Field.

☞ SEND FOR SPECIAL CIRCULAR.

Address,

BYRON JACKSON,

Woodland, Yolo County, Cal.

☞ For Contracting, House-building and Milling see card of CALDWELL & JACKSON.
no10-3m

BYRON JACKSON. JOSEPH CALDWELL.

CALDWELL & JACKSON,

CONTRACTORS,

Hereby notify the public that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on a

GENERAL MILLING BUSINESS

In all its departments.

Doors, Sash, Casings, Inside Finish, Brackets, Scroll Sawing, Wood Turning, etc. Door and Window Frames and Moldings of all kinds made to order.

Jobbing done at short notice,

—AND—

GOOD WORK WARRANTED.
no10-3m

WATCHES, CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

AND FANCY GOODS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

Stationery and Musical Instruments, Etc.

AT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF

G. W. GREENE,

MAIN STREET,

COLLEGE BLOCK, WOODLAND,

is the place to find an assortment in the above lines. An inspection of my stock is respectfully requested.

Besides a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Lamps, Toys and Fancy Goods, I have all the Public School, College and Text Books required; also Religious and Miscellaneous Works, Music, Books, etc.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a satisfactory manner and on short notice.
de1-3m

J. A. WILSON,

Cor. 4th and J Sts.,

SACRAMENTO.

IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

FURNITURE!

BEDDING

AND MIRRORS!

—ALSO,—

Solid Walnut Bedroom and Parlor Furniture!

DESKS AND BOOKCASES,

Of Every Description,

LOWER THAN SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
no16-3m

PIANO TUNING

AND REPAIRING.

MR. CHARLES LUNN,

221 K STREET, SACRAMENTO,

Will visit Woodland periodically, and often if required, and attend to Tuning and Repairing Pianos.

Orders may be addressed to me as above, or left with MR. RICHARD SCHNEIDER, Music Teacher, or at the DEMOCRAT office.
no30-tf CHARLES LUNN.

FOR RENT.

I will rent my splendid new STEINWAY PIANO to a party who will take good care of it. Also, a fine MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN to rent.

Please call at my office at GEO. ANDREWS' RESIDENCE on Third Street, opposite the Advent Church.
no26 RICHARD SCHNEIDER.

SIGN OF THE BIG TEA-POT.

F. M. HALL,

Two doors West of Postoffice,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND,

Manufacturer of and dealer in all kinds of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron-ware,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A FULL ASSORTMENT

—OF—

ALL GOODS IN HIS LINE,

Consisting in part of

STOVES,

RANGES,

PUMPS, PIPE OF ALL KINDS

HOSE,

BRASS GOODS,

Fruit Cans and Fruit Jars,

—AND—

EVERYTHING USUALLY KEPT

—IN A—

HOUSE FURNISHING STORE.

Having just returned from San Francisco with

—A—

Full and Complete Assortment

CAN NOW OFFER

Better Inducements to Customers than anyone else in Yolo County.

☞ Remember the place, two doors west of the Postoffice.
no2-3m

EAGLE MILLS,

Knights Landing.

ARNOLD & SCHROTH, Prop's.

These well known and popular mills have been thoroughly overhauled and repaired by the new proprietors, and are now ready for business, and turning out the best quality of

Fine Flour, Corn Meal,
Graham Flour, Ground Feed,
ETC., ETC.

Special attention will be given to

GRIST WORK,

Which will be promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed,

For choice lots of milling wheat the highest price will be paid in cash. oc20-3m

D. H. QUINN,

SACRAMENTO,

Importer and Manufacturer of

HATS, CAPS AND LADIES' FURS,

Offers to his Customers and the Public the Most Extensive Stock of Gents', Youths' and Children's Hats and Ladies' Furs to be found on the Coast.

Hats and Caps Made to Order.

☞ Ladies' Furs Made and Repaired.

All Orders from the Country will be promptly attended to.

D. H. QUINN, Hatter & Furrier,
89 *J Street, between Third and Fourth,*
no9 SACRAMENTO CITY.

H. C. KIRK & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,

SACRAMENTO,

—AGENTS FOR

J. C. Ayer & Co's Medicines,
D. Jayne & Son's Medicines,
Radway & Co's Medicines,
Hall's Hair Renewer,
Buckingham's Whisker Dye,
Fugazi's Oriental Dye,
Fugazi's Fountain of Youth,
Mallinckrodt's Carbolic Sheep Dip,
Dr. Steele's Medical Wonder and Wonder Pills

Proprietors of H. C. Kirk & Co's Condition Powders; H. C. Kirk & Co's Escence Jamaica Ginger; H. C. Kirk & Co's Essence Lemon; H. C. Kirk & Co's Essence Vanilla; Von Hoyter's Cough Specific—Genuine. ja4-3m

J. G. SCHWALM,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES

And Provisions.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID IN CASH FOR POULTRY!

MAIN ST., OPP. WASHINGTON HALL,

WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL.
ja11-3m

MRS. C. H. SPRAGUE'S

California Poultry Yards,

AT WOODLAND, CAL.,

Cannot be beaten East of the Rocky Mountains, nor equaled West of them.

Her Fowls for breeding have been selected with special care from the best Poultry Yards in Vermont, Connecticut, New York, Michigan, Ohio, California, Canada and England.

Until April 1st, 1877, Eggs will be sold as follows:

LIGHT BRAHMAS!

Dark Brahmas, White Leghorns, Brown Leghorns, Buff Cochins, White Cochins, Partridge Cochins, Houdans, Golden Penciled Hamburgs, Silver Spangled Hamburgs, Golden Spangled Hamburgs, White Faced Black Spanish, Plymouth Rocks, Eurekas, Silver Grey Dorkings and Golden Pencilled Hamburgs, at Three Dollars per dozen.

IMPORTED

SILVER SPANGLED HAMBURGS!

Imported Golden Pencilled Hamburgs, Bearded Golden Polish, Plain Golden Polish, Bearded Silver Polish, White Crested Black Polish, Golden Seabright Bantams and Golden Pencilled Hamburgs, at Five Dollars per dozen.

Fowls from Three Dollars to Ten Dollars each, and are the subject of special correspondence.

All Eggs and Fowls Warranted to be Thoroughbred and of the varieties designated.

Eggs carefully packed and Fowls comfortably cooped and sent to any address.

All orders must be accompanied with cash. All letters of inquiry must have stamp enclosed.

N. B.—I have the only genuine Golden and Silver Polish and Gold Penciled Hamburgs West of the Rocky Mountains.

Visitors are invited to stroll through my Poultry Yards, opposite the Railroad Depot at Woodland, and view my beautiful and desirable selection of Fowls.

MRS. C. H. SPRAGUE.
de21 WOODLAND, CAL.

LUMBER!

S. A. DAVIS. D. FRAZER.

Davis & Frazer,

(Successors to Ruggles & Davis,)

AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED YARD,

South of Main St., near the College,

WOODLAND.

We keep on hand every kind of

Building and Fencing Lumber,

Shakes,
Doors,
Blinds,
Plaster Paris,

SHINGLES, WINDOWS, LATHS,

Lime, Cement, Hair, Etc.

All Orders Promptly Filled on Liberal Terms to the Purchaser.

ja4-3m DAVIS & FRAZER.

HERMAN KUHN.

OPP. PORTER'S STORE,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

Dealer in all kinds of

Tinware, Stoves, Hose,

ATERPIPES AND PUMPS,

Roofing, Plumbing & Gasfitting.

JOBBING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

GALVANIZED IRON WATER TANKS, all sizes, made to order, at the lowest possible prices.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
oc27-3m HERMAN KUHN.

Berlin and Zephyr Wool,

All Shades and Colors,

CANVASS OF ALL STYLES,
PERFORATED BOARD, of all Styles,
PATTERNS AND NEEDLES,

At DALE'S, 185 J Street,

SACRAMENTO. no23-3m

SLIPPER CASE PATTERNS,

RAISED SOFA PATTERNS,
PLAIN SLIPPER PATTERNS,
JAVA CANVASS PATTERNS,
SUSPENDER PATTERNS,

An endless variety at Dale & Co's

185 J ST., SACRAMENTO. no23-3m

TOYS, TOYS, TOYS,

IN ENDLESS VARIETY,

AT DALE'S,

185 J STREET, - - SACRAMENTO.
no23-3m

THE SUN.

1877. NEW YORK. 1877.

The different editions of THE SUN during the next year will be the same as during the year that has just passed. The daily edition will on week days be a sheet of four pages, and on Sundays a sheet of eight pages or 56 broad columns; while the weekly edition will be a sheet of eight pages of the same dimensions and character that are already familiar to our friends.

THE SUN will continue to be the strenuous advocate of reform and retrenchment, and of the substitution of statesmanship, wisdom and integrity for hollow pretence, imbecility, and fraud in the administration of public affairs. It will contend for the government of the people by the people and for the people, as opposed to government by frauds in the ballot-box and in the counting of votes, enforced by military violence. It will endeavor to supply its readers—a body now not far from a million of souls—with the most careful, complete, and trustworthy accounts of current events, and will employ for this purpose a numerous and carefully selected staff of reporters and correspondents. Its report is from Washington, especially, will be full, accurate and fearless; and it will doubtless continue to deserve and enjoy the hatred of those who thrive by plundering the Treasury or by usurping what the law does not give them, while it will endeavor to merit the confidence of the public by defending the rights of the people against the encroachments of unjustified power.

The price of the daily SUN will be 55 cents a month or $6.50 a year, post paid, or with the Sunday edition, $7.70 a year.

The SUNDAY edition alone, eight pages, $1.20 a year, post paid.

The WEEKLY SUN, eight pages of 56 broad columns, will be furnished during 1877 at the rate of $1 a year, post paid.

The benefit of this large reduction from the previous rate for the WEEKLY can be enjoyed by individual subscribers without the necessity of making up clubs. At the same time, if any of our friends choose to aid in extending our circulation, we shall be grateful to them, and every such person who sends us ten or more subscribers from one place will be entitled to one copy of the paper for himself without charge. At one dollar a year, postage paid, the expenses of paper and printing are barely repaid; and, considering the size of the sheet and the quality of its contents, we are confident the people will consider THE WEEKLY SUN the cheapest newspaper published in the world, and we trust also one of the very best.

Address,
de14-6t THE SUN, New York City, N. Y.

H. B. WOOD,

—DEALER IN—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, MACHINERY,

Hardware, Woodenware, Paints & Oils,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND.

The latest improved Machinery and Agricultural Implements, which he sells at San Francisco prices.

Myers' Excelsior Gang Plow!

ONE OF THE VERY BEST IN USE!

He also calls attention to his

Iron and Wood-worker's Tools,

And Stock-in-Trade, consisting in IRON, STEEL, COAL, SPRINGS, AXLES, BOLTS, NAILS, LOCKS, SCREWS, HINGES, ETC., ETC.

CASTINGS FOR MACHINERY,

Cutlery, in Every Style,

CORDAGE, BLASTING POWDER,

Fuse, and all kinds of Ammunition.

The stock of PAINTERS' FINDINGS is large and complete, consisting of

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Window-Glass, ETC., ETC.

THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, MECHANICS AND BUILDERS

Is particularly invited to his stock, each line of which is complete, and will be sold at very low prices.

H. B. WOOD.
WOODLAND, Sept. 24, 1874. de21-tf

SOMETHING NEW

At 169, 171 and 177 K Street,

SACRAMENTO CAL.

AITKEN & LUCE

Make the following propositions to those who wish Monuments or Headstones, and who come to the City for the express purpose of selecting.

We will pay the R.R. fare both ways when the distance and amount of purchase compare with the following table:

$50 00	Contract—	30 miles or less.
$75.00	"	50 " "
$100.00	"	75 " "
$250.00	"	150 " "
$500.00	"	300 " "
$1,000.00	"	600 " "

Thus giving purchasers the opportunity of making their selections, instead of dealing with inexperienced canvassers.

Cut this out and bring it with you, and after you have made your purchase, present it, and we will give you credit for your R. R. fare both ways.

We wish it distinctly understood that we work any kind of marble desired, and as low as the lowest.

Italian, Vermont and California Marble, of our own importation and production, at wholesale and retail.

Orders for Scotch Granite Monuments filled direct from Glasgow, Scotland.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.
no16-3m AITKEN & LUCE.

CACHE CREEK MARKET,

COTTONWOOD,

YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

FRED. N. HENRICH,

Dealer in all kinds of

Meats, Sausage, Lard, Bacon, Hides, Tallow, etc.

SAUSAGE MADE AT NIGHT,

And entirely free from flies and dirt, by an expert hand at the business, in a superior manner. Sausage Meat is a splendid thing for farmers in the busy season, as it is easy to cook and always ready. Very handy for lunch. Try it.

COTTONWOOD, June 22d, 1876. no23-3m

THE NEW

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!

Fall and Winter Goods,

MRS. & MISS PORTER

Have received their Spring Stock of Millinery, embracing the Latest and Most Fashionable styles of Goods, and are prepared to suit the most fastidious tastes at reasonable prices. PLEATING done to order.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.—We are agents for the celebrated Butterick's Patterns, to which we call the attention of the public.

Ladies are respectfully invited to favor us with their patronage.
de14-3m MRS. W. W. PORTER & CO.

WOODLAND BAKERY,

First Street,

Opposite Central Hall, near Capital Hotel.

O. SCHLUER, . Proprietor.

A Supply of

Bread, Cakes, Pies, Crackers,

Etc., always on hand, and delivered to any part of town if desired.

Balls and Parties

Supplied on short notice. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited. no16

SILVER PERFORATED BOARD,

Fifty Cents per Full Sheet.

Sent by Mail, Postpaid.

DALE & CO.,
no23-3m 189 J ST., SACRAMENTO.

C. D. MORIN,

At his Old Stand, Opposite the Bank of Woodland,

Is prepared to do all kinds of

PLUMBING, GAS-FITTING,

—AND—

METAL ROOFING,

And Manufacturer of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Wares,

ALSO, DEALER IN

STOVES,

PUMPS,

Iron and Galvanized Pipes of all sizes.

AGENT FOR THE

Celebrated "Union Range."

—AND THE—

"MEDALLION RANGE."

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Of all kinds in his line.

GALVANIZED IRON,

Water Tanks!

All Sizes, made to Order.

AGENCY FOR

Rose's deep well Force Pumps.

TOOLS FOR BORING WELLS

Can be had at my Store.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY Promptly attended to.

☞ SHOP ON MAIN STREET,

(Next to Gray and Wood's Hardware Store.)
no2-3m **C. D. MORIN.**

J. K. SMITH,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

COLLEGE BLOCK,

Main street, - Woodland,

Opposite Craft Hotel.

Undertaking

Promptly attended to, and at satisfactory prices.

A Fine New Hearse in connection with the business.
de1-3m J. K. SMITH.

THE PLACE TO BUY!

If you want a Good Article at a Low Price, in the line of

Groceries and Provisions,

—GO TO—

LA BUXSIER'S,

He keeps the best of everthing in that line, also,

Fruits, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Etc., Etc.

STORE, MAIN STREET, NORTH SIDE, Three doors from Second Street.

Please give me a call. **Jos. La Buxsier.**
Woodland, June 5th, 1876. de7-3m

WHOLESALE LIQUOR HOUSE

IN WOODLAND!

L. DRYFUS,

Has in store a full stock of

Choice Wines, Pure Liquors

CIGARS, ETC.,

Which he offers to dealers and the public at wholesale rates as favorable as can be obtained anywhere on this Coast.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED

—AND—

GOODS DELIVERED ON SHORT NOTIC

Store opposite Bank of Woodland.
ja4-3m

WAGON-MAKING,

BLACKSMITHING,

—AND—

General Repair Shop.

The undersigned have opened a Shop

OPPOSITE THE TACKNEY HOUSE,

WOODLAND,

Where they are prepared to do all kinds of Wagon-Making, Blacksmithing, Horse-Shoeing and General Repairing of Vehicles, Implements and all kinds of Machinery on the shortest notice.

Old and new patrons are respectfully invited to give us a call. A. WEAVER & CO.
no2-3m

BAKER & HAMILTON,

Dealers in all kinds of

Agricultural Implements

AND MACHINERY.

A Full Stock of Plows, Harrows, Etc. now on hand.

STEAM ENGINES, WINDMILLS, HARDWARE,

Mechanics' Tools of All Kinds, Etc.

SACRAMENTO AND SAN FRANCISCO.
no30

EL DORADO

LIVERY STABLES!

POCKMAN & REDD.

Have become the Proprietors of these celebrated Livery, Sale and Boarding Stables, and are prepared to furnish on short notice any kind of turn-out desired—Saddle Horses, Single or Double Buggies, Carriages or Hacks, and will furnish drivers if desired.

Horses Boarded by the day, week or month.
no9-3m POCKMAN & REDD, Proprietors.

PACIFIC SALOON!

Chris. Sieber, - - Proprietor

I keep the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and respectfully invite all my friends and the public to come and see me.

PACIFIC SALOON,

Opp. the College, Main St., Woodland.
oc20-3m